The Waynesburg Republican.

JAS. N. MILLER, A FRIEND OF THE WHOLE HUMAN RACE. EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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Terms of Publication.

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Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To ensure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as guaranty against imposition

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Directory.

TERMS OF COURT.

First Term, 2d Monday of April; Second term, 2d Monday of June; Third term, 3d Monday of September; Fourth term, 3d Monday of December.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

President Judge—S. A. Gilmore.
Associate Judges—Israel L. Craft. George Hoskinson.
Prothonotary—J. F. Temple.
Sheriff—H. B. Silvens.
Register & Recorder—Peter Brown.
Treasurer—A. M. Baily.
Commissioners—J. M. Morris. I. J. Hupp. M. M. McClelland.
Clerk of Commissioners—Jesse Hill.
Coroner—Wm. Stewart.
Auditors—A. G. Cross, J. Allum, Simon Rinehart.
District Attorney—D. R. P. Huss.
Jury Commissioners—Jesse Hill, Josephus H. Morris.
Directors of the Poor—Henry Morris, W. P. Scott, A. M. Temple.

WAYNESBURG BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Burgess—G. W. G. Waddle.
Council—Jno. T. Hook, J. G. Ritchie, Sec'y. N. Clark, D. Haas, A. B. Mildred.
Justices of the Peace—W. T. E. Webb, Simon Rinehart.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. J. D. Downey.
Methodist Episcopal—Rev. S Wakefield, D.D.
Presbyterian—No Pastor.
Baptist—Rev. H. K. Craig.
Cumberland Presbyterian—Rev. A. B. Miller, D. D.

SCHOOLS

Waynesburg College—Rev. A. B. Miller, Pres.; Prof. M. E. Garrison, Teacher of Languages; Prof. J. S. Hughes, Teacher of Mathematics; Mrs. M. K. B. Miller, Principal of Female Department; Miss Lucy V. Ingram, Teacher of Instrumental Music.
Union School—Prof. Jas. Rinehart, Principal.

ASSOCIATIONS.

Vigilant Lodge, I. O. of G. T. meets every Monday evening in Wilson's Hall.
I. O. of O. F.—Hoshimka Lodge meets every Saturday evening; Waynesburg Lodge meets every Tuesday evening.
A. Y. M.—Lodge meets every Monday before New Moon.

Postmaster—Joseph Cooke.

Business Cards.

☞ Cards will be inserted in this column at from $2 50 to $5 00, according to size. This is the best position in the paper.

ISAAC HOOPER, dealer in Groceries, Produce, Confectioneries, Cigars, Tobacco, &c., opposite Roberts' Drug Store, Waynesburg, Pa. March 3, 69-1y

EAGLE FOUNDRY, C. W. Rower, proprietor. Castings of every kind kept and made to order. A full supply of the celebrated Wellsburg plows. March 3, 69-1y

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENCY.
FIRE, INLAND, MARINE AND LIFE INSURANCE.
Applications for Insurance in the leading and most reliable Insurance Companies in the East, will receive prompt attention.
B. F. FLENNIKEN,
Office in the First National Bank Building, 3-69-1y Waynesburg, Pa.

W. H. HELPHENSTINE, Mechanics' Row above M. E. Church, Waynesburg, Pa., DEALER IN TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON WARE; Stoves of every size and kind.
Spouting kept and put up. Repairing done at any time and at Low Rates.
Remember the place. March 3,'69-1y

JAS. N. MILLER, AGENT FOR THE NORTHWESTERN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
All kinds of Policies issued. Rates low. Both the Cash, and the Cash and Note Systems

EVANS & MINOR, DRY GOODS.
Main Street, Opposite the Greene House.
Foreign and Domestic Goods, Boots and Shoes, Queensware, &c. Country Produce taken.
☞ Prices to suit the times. Dec.9-tf.

DANIEL ANDERSON, MERCHANT TAILOR,
On Main street, near Braden's. Every kind of Men and Boys' Clothing. Material kept and made up on short notice and reasonable terms.
☞ Cutting done. Dec. 2,'68-1y.

WM. T. WEBB, SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER,
Harness, Saddles, Bridles and everything in his line kept and made to order. Main street, opposite the Worley House.
☞ Prices low. Dec. 2,'68-1y.

G. W. ROBERTS, DRUGGIST,
Sayers' Block, Main Street, Waynesburg Pa.
Every kind of Dye Stuffs, Patent Medicines, Oils, Paints, Brushes, Sponges, Lamps, &c., &c.
☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded. Dec. 2,'68-1y

GEO. S. JEFFERY, NOTARY PUBLIC.
Business pertaining to the office attended to promptly. Office with P. & A. Telegraph Co., east of the Court House. May 15: '68-1y.

WM. BAILY, WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.
Keeps on hands always a choice and select assortment of Watches and Jewelry. Repairing done at the lowest rates. 4:1:'67-1y.

LEWIS DAY, DEALER IN BOOKS AND STATIONERY,
Wall Paper, Window Paper, &c. Sunday School Books of all kinds constantly on hand, room in Mrs. Rush's building, formerly occupied by Cotterell & Taylor, Waynesburg, Pa. May 9, '68-1y.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, OF WAYNESBURG
Opens..... 9 o'clock A M.
Closes..... 3 o'clock P M.
DISCOUNT DAY..... TUESDAYS.
D. BOYD, Pres't. J. C. FLETCHER, Cashier.
B. FRANK. FLENNIKEN, Assistant Cashier.

WRIGHT HOUSE
GARRARD'S FORT, GREENE CO., PA.
This HOTEL has been lately refurnished and raised to its good name. The Proprietor is confident of pleasing all who call. Charges moderate. One of the best of order. Nov. 6, '68.

Poetry.

THE EDITOR HEARD FROM.

A wretch who slept in an Editor's bed one night during his absence, got off the following:

I slept in an editor's bed last night,
And others may say what they please;
I say there's one editor in the world
That certainly takes his ease.

When I thought of my humble cot away,
I could not suppress a sigh;
But I thought, as I rolled in the feathery nest,
How easily editors LIE.

The editor came back, picked up his "stick," and charged back as follows:

The chap whose form has rested here,
And left his COPY behind,
For a bad IMPRESSION should be LOCKED UP,
As the cut is most unkind.

Behold a proof of how he lies:
In the morning he went away,
And like many that use an Editor's sheet,
Has forgotten his bill to pay.

THE YEARS.

Many a year is in its grave,
Since I crossed this restless wave;
And the evening, fair as ever,
Shines on ruin, rock and river.

Then, in this same boat, beside,
Sat two comrades, old and tried;
One with all a father's truth,
One with all the fire of youth.

One on earth in silence wrought,
And his grave in silence sought;
But the younger, brighter form
Passed in battle and in storm.

So, when'er I turn my eye
Back upon the days gone by,
Saddening thoughts of friends come o'er me,
Friends who closed their course before me.

Yet what binds us, friend to friend,
But that soul with soul can blend?
Soul-like were those days of yore;
Let us walk in soul once more!

Take, O boatman, thrice thy fee,
Take—I give it willingly;
For, invisibly to thee,
Spirits twain have crossed with me.

Educational Department.

☞ All communications to this Department must be addressed as follows: "Education'l department Republican, Waynesburg, Pa."

SELF-EDUCATION OF TEACHERS.

To teach for three or four years will probably prove beneficial to any competent person. The novelty of sphere will retain its freshness comparatively well, for the length of time. The ancient saying, *discimus docendo*, will continue to have force. Suggestions of new ideas will not fail to meet the teacher in the yearly round. Pupil development will not, in that time, come to be the fixed standard from which to judge of human capacity. The childlike will not, by the law of imitativeness, make the teacher's character childish. Insight into the needs of pupil-character, for its regulation, will not settle upon lifeless and arbitrary truisms to be doled out, well or ill-stated as "wise saws and modern instances" to "young teachers" in private talk, or from the lecture-stand. It will do any young person good, we say, to teach few years after graduating. The process will opportunity for a grand review of studies, and communication will open up views never before within ken.

But beyond this brief period lies the imminent risk of becoming stultified and mechanized. The teacher is apt to move in a circle. Year after year he is drawn into the same round of attention to a circumscribed variety of duties which at length lose their novelty and life, and produce a reflex action upon him to make him lifeless and stale.

We deal in facts. Our object is not to smooth over, but find relief. Some thing ought to be done to change the line of the teacher's tread, out of the circle into directness. He needs to go on, ever on, through regions ever new, toward the unreachable horizon. And not for his sake alone, but for the sake of the young generation that comes under his direction. Where men tread ever in a circle, we may be sure that there is something wrong which may be righted.

In the case of the teacher, we believe that the righting will be found to consist in the study of the laws of the mind in relation to its receptivity and development, the laws which determine the growth of the body, the right training of the bodily powers and senses, and finally, the needs of the world of men. These must be recognized, and systemized and regarded in teaching, as they never have been by the mass of teachers, nor even will be until teachers, as a class, cease to consider themselves competent to teach as soon as they know what it is in the text-books they expect to use; and are no longer satisfied with plodding their little round, year after year, as thoughtlessly as a mill-horse turning a mill.

It is in vain to look to Normal Schools for the needed reform—at least, at present. Their true work they have scarcely yet begun. They must be academies, consequently cannot be true Normal Schools. They cannot develop and teach the philosophy of education, so long as their time is taken up with theaching text-books. Nor would pupils, ignorant of the elements of instruction and the simplest methods of teachings (and of such a class are Normal students usually), be competent to consider the philosophy of human development, if the Normal professors were competent to teach it. The time will come, we trust, when Normal Schools will be able to do this their true work; meanwhile the young teacher (and the old too, for that matter) who aspires to be a true teacher, must work out his own investigations. As a contributor to a late number of the *Michigan Teacher* remarks:

"Teachers must *read* more, *think* more, *investigate* more. Educational works, both books and periodicals, should be sought after, read, digested, and their thoughts carefully weighed, tested, and appropriated. No one can be a respectable teacher unless he be a growing teacher; he cannot grow unless he *think* and *study*; and the very best thought-food for the teacher, especially the inexperienced one, is the printed experience, observation, and reflection of his seniors in the profession—just as in law, medicine, theology, and everything else, that has enough worth and merit to be respectful and respected. It is a shame to any teacher not to read several educational periodicals: it is a greater shame to the beginner not to begin with laying in a store of educational supplies in the nature of educational books on which to live (professionally) and grow; it is a shame to every teacher not to be gathering around him an educational library as a kind of professional treasure-house whence he may on occasion bring forth treasures new and old.—*Educational Monthly.*

For the REPUBLICAN.
FROM THE WEST.

Town of Vevay—Border Politics—Velocipedomania—Small Pox—"out West" and "The West"—Emigration, &c.

VEVAY, IND., March 3, 1869.

This place on the Ohio, seventy-five miles below Cincinnati, is of Swiss origin, as its name implies. Among the early colonists who came up the Mississippi and Ohio and dotted their shores with settlements, there were many from the little Republic of Switzerland, some of whom found their way to this locality, thinking it well adopted to vine culture. They called it "New Switzerland. The country still bears a part of the name. Thriftly grew the village to almost its present size at the date of the admission of Indiana as a State in 1816. Like many other towns it has been exposed to the never resting waves of civilization, but their deposits have not increased it to any great extent. Its present population is fifteen hundred, perhaps, but the western style of building gives much more compass to their towns than places of like size in the east. It is the capital of Switzerland county, and as such, has the necessary appendages, Court House &c. A greater part of the hay grown on the surrounding country is shipped at this point for New Orleans, and, (what may seem strange,) to Pittsburgh and intermediate places. Hay, for ease of Transportation, is "baled," compressed into square bulks of 350 to 400 pounds weight. Every farmer of means owns his own hay press by which they add materially to the price per ton. I shall describe a press, perhaps, at some future time.

Politics here on the border is somewhat in favor of the Republicans and the contiguity of Kentucky offers every facility for importation during election times. Kentucky seems to be a never failing well of Democracy, from which adjacent States can draw at pleasure. The Republican candidate for Congress in this District, Lamb, was defeated in this way last October, by Holman, Democrat, notwithstanding the District was largely Republican at the election previous. With the baldness of the thing so apparent, there is justice in the indignation of her citizens, that their defeat by fraud should go out to the nation as a Democratic victory. Everything is so still now you would hardly know two political parties are in existence. Very little is said one way or the other; whether all have resolved to be benefitted by the example of the champion of silence remains to be developed by the next contest. Some are pleased that the 4th of March is near at hand, because, as they say, "Grant will have to say *something then!*" and as conjecture is pleasant forethought, they have doubtless canvassed the inauguration speech with respect to length, contents and solidity. Aside from Lincoln's first installation, the nation has never exhibited the inauguration of any President with such general anxiety as that of Ulysses Grant. Good citizens, of all parties, hope for the unraveling of our national difficulties, by diplomacy if possible, if not, let the sword be applied to the Gordian knot. A certain class exists who would rather the difficulties of the past eight years should remain unhealed and a second rupture between the Executive and Legislative powers of the nation be the culmination of last November's victory and the destruction of the noble party that saved us a Union. Let them hope their worst, the last resource of Ben. Butler, the [illegible]ley, and other *bottled* [illegible] to the contrary.

Changing the subject, slightly—have you the velocipedomania? It is a disease of [illegible] long standing in our [illegible] recently been imported from [illegible]. The contagion has spread [illegible] fills every hamlet in the land for all the lateness of its introduction. It is caused by the sight of a two-wheeled tandem with an inverted steam shovel suspended over the [illegible] wheel for a seat, and an iron [illegible] and two cranks on the [illegible] wheel. The first symptom is a desire to [illegible] yourself on the scoop, get your [illegible] the cranks, grasp the iron [illegible] with your hands. This is followed by a convulsive [illegible] legs and a desire to do something with the iron arrangement. You do *something* and immediately lose your consciousness of ever having done anything. If upon the application of sal volatile, you are restored to a normal condition, and desire to taste the "sweet deliverance" of another moment, yours is a severe case of velocopedomania, and the best thing to be done is to make application for admission to some asylum yet to be established for the special benefit of such unfortunates. There are many however who, caught up by inspiration without tribulation, wield a great influence over the "machine," directing it carefully and skillfully along the thoroughfares of the cities, through crowds and 'round angles with a grace unapproachable, if we may except the steel-shod skater.

An epidemic real in effect, and fearful to many, has for some months been ravaging Cincinnati and the adjacent districts. I speak of the small-pox. The city press has been so silent on the subject that it is impossible to approximate an estimate of the extent of its ravages. That many have perished and many more been prostrated there can be no denial. It is about subdued at the present, and trade and travel seem to be stimulated in proportion. Had the true state of affairs been known when the disease was at its height, Cincinnati might have experienced an exodus and isolation extremely detrimental to her people and her interests. For this it was carefully and silently treated—and shall we not say wisely?

It is a fact, noticeable to every observer, that the limit where "out West" ends and "the West" begins is not definable by any geographical outline. it is analogous in subtlety to the question where shall we fix the period of man's responsibility as a free agent? The jury that rendered the memorable verdict, "sane the moment before pressing the trigger, insane the moment of pressing the trigger, sane the moment after the shot was fired," in the Cole-Hiscock murder case last winter, might determine the exact longitude and degree marking the two confines of the two sections, but I cannot think of any one else, short of Omnipotence, who could. "Going out West" is used as patent here as in Western Pennsylvania, and, indeed, there seems to be the same restlessness among the people. The great diorama of the West allures by its grandness and by the beautiful colors and rich tints given it by the tongues and pens and pencils of those feet have pressed her luxuriance and whose eyes have beheld the vast sublimity of her prairies and mountains. The opening of the Pacific railroad the coming Summer, will set a current of emigration toward the Gem of the Slope that will make live her fastnesses and waste places. Where next? When the locomotive and train rattles among the cliffs of the Sierras, and village church spires point heavenward by Oregon's and Idaho's mountain streams; when the song of the lumberman is heard far up on the Yellowstone and the head waters of the Columbia; where, then, shall the everlasting spirit of American Improvement shape its way? Verily, Oh, Yankee! we are led to exclaim of thee as of the Athenians of old, *"per terrarum orben tui facta pro maximis celebrantur!"*

Q.

For the REPUBLICAN.
FROM THE WEST.

It Snows! It Snows!—From Madison to Indianapolis—A Talkative Passenger—"Tom." Hendricks—Indianapolis, its Depot, Thoroughfares and Plan—Legislature "Busted"—The New President, &c.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., March 8, 1869.

The weather clerk is disposed to give us another installment of winter, although the time is past when it should have been. Snow fell in considerable quantities last week and again we had the merry jingle of the bells—for a short time only. Now the ground is bare and looks sterile enough to suit the most melancholy.

The city of Madison, on the Ohio in this State, wore a sepulchral palor and stillness at 5 o'clock A. M., on Tuesday last, as the train for Idianapolis mounted the steep bluffs that overlook the town and river. So wrapt and profound was the silence it was easy to imagine the clank of the cars the protest of gnomes whose domain we invaded. Four or five miles from the river the country assumes its proper level, and we dash on through snow-laden forests and wide reaches of prairie land. The sun rolls up grandly above the horizon, and darting his quivers of light across wood and field, tints all with a mellow lustre. Our conductor, long, lank and awkward, a perfect specimen of the genus *West*, observes to a lady passenger that "it is a nice morning!" She knows it, of course, and follows up this hint for a chat until she exhausts the subject and flies off onto her family relations and was going on to tell—when the entrapped conductor imagines "a station just ahead!" That was a talking machine he sprang and must run down before she could stop, so the car had the benefit of the remainder of her conversation, addressed apparently to a fellow traveler. Things unimportant to enter here and which I should have made no note of, if she had not, with a half drawn sigh, said she "always liked Bill, but he was high tempered!"

At Greenwood, twenty miles from Indianapolis, a Western Pennsylvanian got on the train, and sitting beside him I plied my questions concerning the country, he having lived in Hoosierdom since '39. Land in his part was worth $100 per acre. Farmers raise stock of all kinds, grain—large and small, fruit not so good. Soil from eighteen inches to three feet thick, black loam. Fever and ague scarce. This last, however may be fondly apostrophized as that famous myth who is

"——So far and yet so near."

One mile and a half out from Indianapolis on the road is the late U. S. Senator Hendrick's residence, looking, through the rifts in the smoke from the locomotive, to be a comfortable place; not airish, in the hifalutin sense, but nestled away among a clump of trees presenting in its face the home of refinement. I cannot tell you the secret of "Tom" Hendrick's favor among Indianians, but he has an enviable popularity with all parties here, that, as a Democrat, is unexplainable any other way than putting him as an exception to the general rule.

The suburbs of Indianapolis are uninviting in appearance, buildings small and of wood. I alighted from the train in a depot that is an honor to any city, capacious, clean, with every modern convenience and but a short walk to the business centre. Nine railroads centre here. The first thing that strikes the attention of the stranger on the sidewalks of the city is the width of its thoroughfares and the beauty in its plan of construction. The centre of the city is a circle, destined to be a park at some future day. Streets terminate at and pass this circle at right angles to each other, extending to the outskirts at all points of the compass, and at the angles of the four central blocks four avenues radiate diagonally to the perimeter of an outer circle, imaginable anywhere in the suburbs. Street tramways run down each avenue and along the four sides of the quadrilateral they converge upon, making the transit easy and cheap to any section of the city. When the war broke out Indianapolis had about twenty thousand inhabitants; now its population numbers nearly sixty thousand. Business blocks continue to go up, fine in every appurtenance. All in all, the present State Capital of Indiana is, perhaps, the handsomest inland city in the United States.

The Capitol building, however, is looking badly; the cement with which an appearance of freestone has been given it, is falling off, making it externally very shabby. The large square upon which it stands would be pretty in summer dress. I noticed the State arms, a canvass painting put *in relievo* above the entablature of the Tuscan polystyle that forms one front of the building, was faded and torn, a very good type of the present disordered condition of the Indiana Legislature.

Your readers have already, doubtless, been apprised of the resignation of the Democratic members of that body to such extent as to deprive each of a quorum, because the House had made the Suffrage Amendment to the Federal Constitution the order of the afternoon of the 4th inst. They (the Democrats) snuffed the African in the breeze, caucused the night of the 3rd and in the morning took their place in the lobby instead of on the floor, thus stopping the legislative machinery of the State government, and leaving everything that depends upon appropriations, public asylums, educational institutions, etc., in chaotic confusion. This will result in an extra expense to the State of about $150,000 00, and to the counties whose representatives resigned each an extra sum of $1,000 00 for special elections, which the Governor has already ordered for the 23d inst. Three Democrats in the Senate and five in the House held their seats. The secret of this is that they came there with small majorities and were afraid to throw up for fear they could not be re elected. I was on the floor of the Senate shortly after the *fiasco* occurred and, through the courtesy of a friend, was presented to several of the members of both parties, with whom I conversed on the subject. The resigned members were confident of coming back with increased majorities, but Hon. Will. Cumback, Lieutenant Governor, and President of the Senate, says just as confidently that *some* of them will not come back at all. If they had any other motive than throwing things into confusion, why did not all resign? It is impossible for me, in this letter, to enlarge upon this rebellious act of a rebellious minority to the full extent I should like. In it we can see another ebullition of Democratic hatred to representative government, profligate expenditure of public money by their reckless leaders, without any other cause but that the Legislature proposed to consider the proposition of extending suffrage to all citizens of the State.

Grant's inaugural address is well received here. His Cabinet appointments are generally liked. From the favor the new administration is accorded in all parts of the Union, may we not augur well for its future?

Q.

THE correspondents have ascertained something reliable as well as decidedly interesting about General Grant. The following is abundantly vouched for: Senator Patterson went to see General Grant during the hours in which visitors are received. General Grant looked at him without speaking a word of recognition. When Mr. Patterson came nearer he turned away with the utmost indifference. Senator Patterson of course left very soon. To our indignant inquiries, it was only replied that it was the great ox, General Grant, which the Senator went to see.

WE should accustom ourselves to view those above us without admiration or envy, and never look upon those below us with contempt. Little souls worship grandeur without reflecting that admiration is due only to virtue and goodness. Let not the pomp which surrounds the great mislead your understanding. The prince so magnificent in the splendor of his Court, appears behind the curtain but a common man. Irresolution and care hunt him as well as others, and fears lay hold of him, though surrounded by his guards.

THE supreme court has decided against the celebrated acceptances of John B. Floyd, Secretary of War under James Buchanan's administration, two of the justices dissenting. It will be recollected that these acceptances were issued literally by the ream, and were taken by thousands of persons. Had the court decided them to be valid, there would have been no end to the rush upon the Treasury. It is estimated that very many millions of dollars have thus been saved.

WHAT WE MAY EXPECT OF GRANT.

BY CHARLES G. CAME.

First, General Grant will be President in fact as well as in name. As we have seen, he never was a man to hesitate about exercising any amount of power that might be confided to him. In Jackson's place, he might not have said, "I take the responsibility;" but he would have taken it, nevertheless, and said nothing about it. Even one of his associates in the Galena leather store understood his peculiarity well enough to give Governor Yates of Illinois, who had confessed his inability to get at the special capacities of "this Captain Grant," the following good advice: "The way to deal with him is to ask him no questions, but simply order him to duty. He will obey promptly." The people have now summoned this same prompt officer to be President of the United States, and that, he will be. If any individuals high in position or prone to intrigue indulge the hope of managing or improperly influencing Mr. Johnson's successor, it only remains for them; seeing how blind they have been to the plainest pages of recent history, to take a lesson or two in the school of experience and pay their tuition.

Secondly, it is but a reasonable calculation that Gen. Grant, in the discharge of the duties of the Presidency will win a substantial success not unsuited to his martial renown. Indeed, nine-tenths of those who have risen above the folly of confounding the gift popular oratory with executive talent concede already that he has all the main requisites for administering the affairs of the country at this time, except, possibly, the information derived from long civil experience. His generalship reveals governing ability of the highest order, circumspection only matched by energy, and an unerring faculty for selecting the right men for subordinates. As to the possible deficiency alluded to—and we must always bear in mind that there is no special training school for the Presidency—General Grant is the son of his time, and, though he may not be learned in the statesmanship of books, he comprehends his own age. Starting with that political *tabula rasa*, the mind of an army officer—having really voted but once before the war (for Buchanan,) and having always regretted that, he enjoyed the excellent privilege of having nothing to unlearn. The crisis found him without prejudices, and he took in all its elements dispassionately as comprising the true situation with which he was to deal. Even that conservative bias, of which a few good Republican supporters are still absurdly suspicious, was in his favor, for while it has been observed that the descent from youthful liberalism has often been as swift and extreme as the apostasy of a Strafford, the contrary tendency, as illustrated in the lives of men like Peel and Gladstone, gives the finest fruits of genuine progress. Hence it happened, that, while anti-slavery men of many years' standing were worrying over the future relations of the institution they had so long fought and feared, Grant calmly foresaw and announced its extinction; and more than that, every stage of the extinguishing process can now be traced in his military orders, in advance of the action of Congress and of the Executive. The same remark may be made respecting the reconstruction policy of the Government; its germs are all to be found in the record of his field measures, while toward the maturing of that policy he gave his valued counsels and his profoundest sympathies. Of all the great questions which appear to demand settlement during the incoming administration, it may be truly said that none are older than General Grant's public life, while most have already touched him at many points in his career, and engaged his earnest attention. For the last three years in particular, he has reflected upon the political juncture, perhaps with prescience that he would be called to deal with it practically; he has conferred with the acutest statesmen of the day, and has mingled with his countrymen in every part of the Union. It would not be strange, therefore, if the whole situation bearing upon the Presidency, comprising policies, men and measures, should be at this moment as accurately mapped out in his mind as were his great campaigns before he fought them in the field, and should be followed by national results hardly second in value.—*Atlantic Monthly for March.*

The Waynesburg Republican.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1869.

FOR GOVERNOR,

JOHN W. GEARY,

Subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Convention.

THE XV CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

The Democratic papers have already raised the old war-cry of "nigger," in regard to the XVth Constitutional Amendment, now submitted to the Legislatures of the States for ratification. We hear men talk of the "usurpation" of Congress in forcing Negro suffrage upon the people in opposition to their wishes. Petitions have been circulating extensively in this part of the country, praying the Legislature of this State not to ratify the Amendment.

As to the constitutionality of Congress thus taking hold of the matter, we refer our readers to the following clause of the Constitution:

ART. IV, SECTION 4. The United States shall guaranty to every State in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion.

Here it is expressly stated that no State shall be permitted to have a form of government that is anti Republican. Who is to determine the case? Manifestly Congress. Again,

ART. V. The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution, or, on the application of the Legislatures of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the Legislatures of the several States, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be provided by the Congress; provided, that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no State without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate.

Now, who wants anything plainer than this? When you hear men talk of the usurpations of Congress, just read them this clause of the Constitution.

But, let us look at this question of negro suffrage in itself. If it is right, and if the country would be benefitted by its adoption, then let us have it. Some of the most common objections against it are as follows:

It is sometimes contended that the Negro is not a human being at all. We have heard professing christians argue in the same way, while at the same time they professed to believe the bible, which says that God "hath made of one blood all nations of men." Such men are either hypocrites or very ignorant.

Again, Democratic speakers and writers are fond of picturing the dreadful "mingling of the races," the "miscegenation" that would follow the adoption of Negro suffrage. Raw head and bloody bones! Now, we are as much opposed to the mixture of the races as any one; and therefore we favor Negro suffrage. It is very clear that a state of suffrage for the black man would be just the opposite of a state of slavery, and that what had happened in the latter case would not likely take place in the former. Now, before the war the whole country south of Mason & Dixon's line was a "great brothel," in which every lust and passion of fallen man had full sway. And what was the result? Just what might be expected—the races were fast becoming one, and had slavery continued fifty years longer there would not have been a drop of pure native white blood in the South. So damning was this lust that a minister of high reputation in South Carolina wrote a book, favoring slavery, *because the young women of the South could only be kept pure by providing slave women for the young men!* The people of the South should thank the Republican party for overturning an institution that was fast destroying them. Slaves always multiply faster than their masters, and a few more years of slavery would have seen the black man dominant in the South.

Now, if such results attended the system of slavery of the blacks, cannot any reasonable man expect that contrary results would follow the adoption of a contrary system? No doubt Democracy longs for a return to slavery, that miscegenation might be practiced. It is plainly seen that since the Negroes became free, this terrible crime is becoming less and less frequent, and in those States where the Negro votes it is hardly known.

Some assert that the Negro is an inferior being. This we readily admit; and so also the German and the Irish is inferior to the Anglo Saxon; so is the man who wallows in the gutter inferior to the one who walks by him, erect in the manhood of temperance. If we make a distinction in the one case, should we not also in the other? There is one thing that has always made us doubt whether the Negro is really inferior to the white man: We lay it down as a maxim, that where two races come in contact for any length of time, the superior race will preserve its originality, and the inferior race will adopt the customs and language of the superior. Any man who has traveled in the South knows that the whites invariably use the Negro lingo, and in a great measure have adopted the customs and manners of the blacks. Why is this? Let him who can, answer.

For long years we boasted that in this country *every* man is free, while we not only denied the freedom, but even the manhood, of one portion of our population. Well might the honest, fiery Irishman say,

"Tear down the flaunting lie."

Young Democrats speak at contests and commencements of universal liberty and the right of all men to be free, because they know that such is the teachings of the bible and of education; and then they turn and sing a song against Negro suffrage. Men who who profess to obey the golden rule, utter their bitter invectives against their fellow man, merely because his skin is black. Sleek faced pharisees lift up meek eyes to heaven and say, "stand by thyself, black man, I am holier than thou," and go thence to a low groggery, and corrupt the young men who gather about them by telling the lowest, most vulgar tales that ever found expression in brothels. We can point to such men.

It is argued that the adoption of Negro suffrage would degrade the white race. Who argue thus? Men who are engaged in preaching that gospel which can alone refine the race? or those engaged in the cause of education? No, you find them to be the lowest specimens of humanity, men who are doing more to degrade the white race than all the negroes combined could do.

Is it not patent to every one that since the hope of freedom in its true sense has been cherished by the Negro, he has improved himself? A few years ago they were generally worthless and improvident, shunning work. Now they are among the most industrious of our citizens. They have advanced faster since the war than the white race. It is idle to say he is not fit to vote, when we see white men selling their votes for a drink of whiskey.

We would like to continue this further, but have not room. The arguments upon this question have become familiar to all. We have been charged with cowardice for not sooner speaking upon this subject. This will probably dispose of that charge.

Negro suffrage is a coming reality. Soon the Constitutional Amendment wil be adopted by the requisite number of States, and the thing settled. For one, we shall be heartily glad that the everlasting "Nigger" is soon to be driven out of politics. With the spirit of the Declaration of Independence fully carried out in the giving to all men equal rights, we shall look to see our country grow on to occupy the greatest position in the world, and to remain undivided till the end of time.

A POLITICAL CURIOSITY.

Any person who may be fond of a political curiosity could have witnessed one in Waynesburg on Friday last. They could have seen six *high-souled, intelligent, honorable,* (at least they want people to think them so) lawyers watching the polls the greater part of the day to defeat Geo. S. Jeffery from being elected Justice of the Peace, and by that means hinder him from supporting those dependent on him for support. This is indeed an age of chivalry—for christianity must succumb to party because the *Messenger* says so. Stick to the party, beloved brethren.

STICK TO THE NOMINATION.

The above order appears to be disregarded by the Democrats when it suits the convenience of the Court-house clique, or the leaders of the Ku Klux. At the election Friday, Mr. John Wiley had been nominated for Inspector of election at the Democratic primary election, and his name printed on the tickets, yet the clique had his name taken off, and that of Wm. Hays, a defeated candidate for Justice of the Peace at the primary election, substituted and elected. Ah, John, you were too good a soldier to be found in such company. Beware of them, honesty is not in their composition.

If reports of Grant's sayings are true, Alexander Murdoch, Esq., of Washington, Pa., will be appointed Marshall of this District. He was removed by Johnson to make room for Henry D. Foster of Westmorland Co., whom the Senate would not confirm, and the present incumbent was appointed in his stead.

THE CABINET.

Owing to the ineligibility of A. T. Stewart, he was compelled to resign, and the Cabinet has been re-formed, almost entirely. Hamilton Fish, of New York, has been appointed Secretary of State; Gov. Boutwell, of Mass., Secretary of Treasury; Gen. Rawlins, Grant's chief of Staff, Secretary of War.

E. B. Washburne has been appointed Minister to France, and Andrew G. Curtin Minister to Russia. Gen. Longstreet, it is rumored, has been appointed to a position in the Custom House at New Orleans. At this date it is also rumored that Geo. V. Lawrence will be appointed First Assistant Postmaster General. The Papers did not come Saturday, so we are at a loss to know how affairs have been settled. We take from the Pittsburgh *Commercial* the following history of some of the Cabinet officers:

The new Attorney General, Judge E. Rockwood Hoar, was for many years one of the leading members of the Massachusetts bar, and for a half dozen years has been on the Supreme Bench of that State. He is regarded as almost at the head of the New England bar, is one of the old school Free Soilers, a man of the highest character and standing, and an inveterate enemy of fraud and double dealing in every shape. He is about fifty-three years of age, in full possession of all his faculties, is nothing of a politician, and will be cordially hated by the whisky ring and all other corrupt rings in the country.

Mr. Borie is a retired Philadelphia merchant, a man of ability, of strictest integrity, of high standing and of culture and wealth. He has been for some time Vice Pres't of the Union League of Philadelphia. While not an active politican, he has always taken a lively interest in the questions of the day. He is a pronounced Republican, and has given large sums to further the interests of that party in Pa. Leading men from the State, who are not politicians, say the appointment is one of the best that could have been made from the State.

The selection of Gov. Cox for the Interior, gives general satisfaction. In fact this is unanimous, except with those who opposed his course when Johnson broke with Congress. But all concede him ability and an honesty which eminently fit him to do the work expected of him, in breaking down the land speculators and the Indian thieves.

The choice of ex-Senator Cresswell, of Maryland, for Postmaster General, gives general satisfaction. His entire fitness is not questioned. He is the leader of the Radical Republicans of his State, and the rejoicing among those of his class here is of a very enthusiastic character.

For the Republican.

EXPECTATION.

"By grains of sand are mountains raised;
By drops of water are oceans filled."

One second at a time has formed the world's history within six thousand years. Thus in every avenue of thought in which we turn, atoms of matter build towering heights, stretch in boundless plains, or sweeping along the surging waves of time, pile up mountains of greatness, or scatter their debris in inglorious strife. Thus man, frail man, in imitation of nature's mightier power, attempts to rule the world of thought by letter, word, or sentence wrought. But of all the wordy conflicts of pen and paper, the strife of imaginative, stage struck heroes, the vast piles of literary composition that are weekly turned out upon the world, is the moving wonder of the present hour. Of this vast concourse, this passing panorama of life, this living, surging, seething caldron of animated matter; how much, we ask, of all this busy, bustling throng of thought will be worthy to survive the moment that calls it forth? How many of the writers that served to while away our listless hours have really cast a grain of sand upon the mountain of discovered thought, or cast a single drop of water into the world's literary ocean? How many minds that now struggle so valiantly for the immortal wreath to crown the victor's brow, will really outlive the scraps of paper that serve to advertise their names. And yet without this attrition of mind, this constant grappling of thought, this activity of the present age—the world would sink into the listless monenity of the dark ages; nay worse—as our elevation is greater, our fall would be deeper, our shame more debasing. Although much matter may be thrown on the mountain side of truth only to be washed away, perhaps a single grain may weld itself to the living mass of solid, patient, silent thought; a single idea, which renewing its vigor in eternal youth will serve as the touch stone or well spring to invigorate and refresh the explorers of truth along the dusty highway of undiscovered science.

Thus the humblest, as well as the more powerful thinkers and writers of the age, hope to embalm their names on the roll of the "immortal few that are not born to die." G. W. D.

To most men, any other park looks kindlier and smiles more sweetly than a sulphurous park of artillery.

For the Republican.

EXAMINATION.

MR. EDITOR:—I wish to give a notice of an examination held at Scott's School House, on Muddy creek, March 10. The school has taught the present term by Miss Lizzie Babbit, of Waynesburg. The exercises commenced at 9 o'clock, all the reading classes being examined first.

The audience was entertained with a declamation by Miss R. A. Scott; after which the Primary Intellectual Arithmetic class was called which readily disposed of all the examples and oral questions given them in a very satisfactory manner.

The class in Written Arithmetic was then examined in such a thorough manner as to convince the spectators that they possessed a good, practical knowledge of the subject. The subjects taken up were fractions, proportion, per centage and square root. An essay was then read by Miss Lizzie E. Scott; subject, The sad man of the forest.

The audience was then dismissed for an hour, and owing to the inclemency of the weather all were compelled to remain indoors; but as a good supply of pies and cakes were on hand, there was no lack of enjoyment.

At 1 o'clock the school was called to order, and a piece spoken by one of the scholars. Grammar class called. The teacher asked Mr. A. J. Waychoff to examine the class which he did, and the class did well. Next was a declamation by Miss Emma Love.

The advanced class in Mental Arithmetic was called. The examples given them were the most difficult in the book; but all were analyzed promptly. The class also disposed readily of several questions given by teachers present, convincing those present that they could solve any problem in the book. The Fifth reader was called to read Lochiel's Warning, followed by the reading of an alphabetical catalogue by Mr. C. K. Scott, which was splendid.

The class in Physical Geography was called, which was doubtless interesting to all. The principal subject was the currents. They were well traced. A periodical was next read by Miss Mary E. Scott, which was very well received.

This closed the exercises, and all went home glad to think they had such a good time, but soon sorry that school was closed. Miss Babbit's success this winter contributes largely to the cumuli of arguments in favor of females for winter schools, provided they secure a position in an *enlightened* community. Be it said to the credit of the Directors that she received the same wages as male teachers.

AN OBSERVER.

The Monongahela Valley Railroad.

A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Monongahela Valley Railroad Company, was held at the office of Justice Ammon, East Birmingham, yesterday.

Sigismund Leow was unanimously elected Chief Engineer of the company.

On motion of Dr. Patton, of Greene county, it was resolved that a survey be made immediately through the Boroughs of South Pittsburgh, Birmingham, Ormsby, and the adjoining townships to the West Virgigia State line, and that as soon as four miles have been surveyed and located, and the right of way procured, that so much of said road be put under contract as soon as possible.

Dr. Patton offered the following preamble and resolution which was adopted:

WHEREAS, It is believed that the Waynesburg Branch of the Monongahela Valley Railroad Company, authorized by the charter, will be of benefit and profit to said railroad, therefore,

Resolved, That this branch be put under contract at the same time that contracts shall be let on the main line where the intersection of this branch shall be made, and the work shall be pushed forward simultaneously with the work on the main line from the place of intersection.

On motion it was resolved that the main line of said road shall be located at or near Pumpkin run, Carmichaeltown and Little Whitely creek, Greene county.

The meeting then adjourned.—*Pitts. Com., 4th inst.*

HON. JAMES G. BLAINE, the Speaker of the Forty-first Congress, was born in Washington county, Pa., in 1830, and graduated at Washington College in 1847. He adopted the profession of editor, and having removed to Maine, edited the Kenebec *Journal* and Portland *Advertiser* for several years. He served four years in the Legislature of Maine, two of which as Speaker of the House of Representatives. In 1861, he was elected to Congress, to which body he has been three times successively re-elected.

THE Hindoos extend their hospitality to their enemies, saying: "The tree does not withdraw its shade even from the wood-cutter."

MANY go up in grand balloons of inventive daring, and come very suddenly down in parachutes of the same.

LEGISLATURE.

HARRISBURG, March 8, 1869.

HOUSE.—The House met this evening, when a large number of petitions were presented. Mr. Wilson objected to the custom of handing them to the Clerk without reading, on the ground of interference with the right of petition. The Speaker ruled the point well taken.

The use of the hall was granted to the State Agricultural Convention on Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. Clearfield—A resolution returning to the Senate the tax bill, on the ground that all such bills must originate in the House. Adopted.

Mr. Davis—A joint resolution ratifying the fifteenth Constitutional amendment. Adopted.

Mr. McGinniss—Abolishing punishment by death, and providing for punishment of murder in the first degree.

Mr. Subers, of Philadelphia—Authorizing the Adjutant General to sell or exchange unavailable arms and military stores.

Mr. Buan, of Philadelphia—Joint resolution urging Congress to place the soldiers of 1812 upon the same footing on the pension roll as those of the late war.

The Governor to-day signed the death warrants of Geo. S. Twitchel, Jr., and Gerald Eaton, of Philadelphia, for execution on Thursday, April 8th.

SENATE.—Mr. Searight—To authorize the managers of Uniontown Gas and Water Company to transfer its franchises; to repeal the prohibitory liquor laws of West Newton and Mount Pleasant, Westmorland county.

Mr. Lowry—Joint resolution ratifying the fifteenth constitutional amendment.

A communication from the Governor was read, transmitting the fifteenth constitutional amendment for ratification.

March 11, 1869.

SENATE.—Mr. Erret presented a petition from the Pennsylvania clerks in Washington City, asking for the right to vote at home.

A large number of memorials in favor of and against the Fifteenth Amendment were presented.

Mr. Davis introduced a resolution postponing the vote on the Fifteenth Constitutional Amendment until the 24th inst., to allow the people an opportunity of expression on the subject, which, on motion of Mr. Olmsted, was referred to the Committee on Federal Relations by a strict party vote.

Mr. Searight introduced a bill relating to lateral railroads in Fayette and Washington counties, allowing parties to abandon works and the courts to make equitable settlement of their affairs; also, allowing oral testimony to establish the will of John Calver, of Greene county.

The Constitutional Amendment was discussed by Messrs. White, Osterhout, Kisher, Stinson and Erret in favor, and Mr. McIntire against ratification, and then passed finally by a party vote.

Mr. Fisher gave notice that he would introduce a bill striking the word white out of the State Constitution.

HON. J. B. DONLEY.

On the 4th inst., the new representative from this district was sworn in, and took his seat. Without any experience as a Legislator, and unknown to so many of his constituents as a public man some anxiety may be naturally felt as to how he will act in the emergencies now pressing fast upon the National Congress. His predecessor, Mr. Lawrence has been in public life long enough to know personally nearly every one of his constituents, and leaves the House with a record which no honest man can gainsay, nor any Republican fail to endorse.

But Mr. Donley is a new man with a record to make and an experience to gain. In a recent conversation with the Captain we took occasion to interrogate him upon most of the prominent measures now before the people, and we feel satisfied that he enters the House an earnest supporter of the Administration of Gen. Grant, and a consistent, determined champion of honesty in dealing with the National creditors; of frugality and retrenchment in public expenditures; and of the sternest and most summary justice to those, whether in or out of office, who are defrauding the revenue of Millions, and thus giving countenance to a virtual Repudiation of the National Debt. We trust even those who have opposed his election will be more than satisfied with his course as a Representative.—*Monongahela Republican.*

YOU may rise early, go to bed late, read much, and devour the marrow of the best authors; and when you have done all, be as meagre in regard to true and useful knowledge as Pharaoh's lean kine after they had eaten the fat ones.

TOM HOOD died composing—and that, too, a humorous poem. He is said to have remarked that he was dying out of charity to the undertaker, who wished to *urn* a lively Hood.

A traveler inquired of a guide the reason why "echo" was always spoken of as a "she," and was informed that it was because it always has the last word.

THE chief secret of comfort lies in not suffering trifle to vex one, and in prudently cultivating an undergrowth of small pleasures, since very few great ones are let on long leases.

IKE's last trick was to throw Mrs. Partington's old gaiter in the alley, and call the old lady down from the third floor to see an alley-gaiter.

A CONTIBUTOR to a Boston paper says, in regard to the new Secretary of the Navy: "Having been personally acquainted with Mr. A. E. Borie for many years, I can, without fear of being mistaken in the man, say that his popularity in Philadelphia is unsurpassed. His appointment to the Cabinet must have astonished himself more than anybody else. A more true, honest, whole-souled man cannot be found. His selection indicates that President Grant looks at character and fitness."

"MY son, you must study hard, or you will never be President."

"But I never expect to be, Mother, I'm a Democrat."

THE Legislature of Pa. has passed the Constitutional Amendment.

Miscellaneous.

FRANK B. WILSON,
WITH
H. C. CHILDS & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS, SHOES AND SOLE LEATHER,
No. 135 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
HARVEY CHILDS, LOWRIE CHILDS,
Agents for the sale of "Hope Mill" Cotton Yarn, Batts, Batting and Carpet Chain.
March 10-tf

NON-EXPLOSIVE!
THE NEW LIGHT,
PETROLEUM FLUID!
Gives Twice the Light of Carbon Oil, and safe under all circumstances.
CANNOT BE EXPLODED.
The undersigned are now manufacturing and have for sale their New Petroleum Fluid, made by distillation without the aid of compounds, which is gradually taking the place of carbon oil in all localities where in refined.
☞ Agents wanted in every Town. Send for Circulars. Address J. J. PALMER & CO.,
3-10-3m No. 6, Hand Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED.
Two $10 Maps for $4.
LLOYD'S
Patent Revolving Double Map
Of America and Europe, America and the United States of America,
Colored—in 4000 Counties.
These great Maps, now just completed, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These Maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one Map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights for sale.
Apply for Circulars, Terms, and send money for sample Maps, to J. T. LLOYD,
3-10-4t 23 Cortlandt Street, N. Y.

W. A. POND & CO.,
Piano-Forte and Music Dealers, No. 547 Broadway, New York. Established fifty years.
PIANO FORTES
of our own make equal to any and prices much lower than those of other first class houses.
THE PARLOR GEM 7 OCTAVE PIANO, in handsome rosewood cases, medium size, is the handsomest and best Piano ever made, and the prices exceedingly low; every instrument fully warranted five years; send for price list. We have always on hand all kinds of Musical Instruments in great variety.
HAND INSTRUMENTS of Brass and German Silver, warranted correct in tone, at prices much below other manufacturers.
VIOLIN STRINGS. We keep the choicest and best Strings that are made. Price for best, per set, for Violins, $1. for Guitar, $1,50 mailed postage paid.
SHEET MUSIC AND MUSICAL WORKS. Our Catalogue embraces over six thousand different pieces, and is immensely popular. New music published every day, and mailed postage paid, when the marked price is remitted.
JUST PUBLISHED, The new Elementary Piano Method, by Jesse Mamms and Henry Kleber. The simplest and most progressive and best work ever published. Price $2 50.
NINE O'CLOCK IN THE MORNING—The New School Singing Book, used in the Public Schools of New York. Price 50 cents. Splendid discount to teachers and others who introduce the above works. Send for catalogue and price list. Agents wanted.
WM. A. POND & CO., 547, Broadway, N. Y.
Feb 10-6m

SPRING, 1869.

M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.

No. 54 WOOD STREET,

Pittsburgh.

OFFER

THEIR STOCK OF

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

AT WHOLESALE,

And invite their customers, and the trade generally, to call.

March 10, 1869-3m

IMPORTANT TO

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS!

WAYNESBURG STEAM PLANING MILL

It gives us pleasure to announce to the public the completion of this work and the readiness of the proprietors to

RECEIVE ORDERS!

AND

MAKE CONTRACTS!

The best improved machinery is used. Planing, Ploughing and Grooving, Sash and Door Making, Panelling, Ripping, moulding &c., rapidly and skillfully executed. Ruling prices paid for

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER!

They are also prepared to do all kinds of Carpenter Work, with the utmost promptness, and in the most substantial manner.
They respectfully solicit a share of public patronage, and flatter themselves that they will in all cases be able to

GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION!

All orders promptly attended to.

BRADEN, WALTON & SAYERS,

6-11-tf Waynesburg, Pa.

Dry Goods.

A GREAT CONFLICT IMMINENT!

Frank M'Gurgan has returned from the East with a full and beautiful stock of the Latest Fashions for Ladies and Gentlemen, consisting of Ladies' choice Dress Goods, fine French Merinos, all colors, Empress Cloths, beautiful Shades French Poplins, changeable Poplins, best quality Alpacas, all colors, Black Silks with White edge, Black and Brown Waterproof Cloths, all Wool Delaines single and double width, other new styles of

FANCY DRESS GOODS!

New styles of Shawls, single and double. A complete stock of Furs, new styles. Best quality shirting, Flannel, Bleached Muslins & White Goods. Lace Curtains, new patterns; Ladies' new skirts.

NEW DRESS TRIMMINGS!

New styles of Silk Fringes, Gimp and Headings to tie; Fancy Dress and Sack Buttons; Silk, Jet and velvet buttons; Black Velvet Ribbons; colored Velvet Buttons; a full line of Embroideries and Insertions to match; Lace Handkerchiefs and Collars; Edgings and Laces; Valencia Laces; Grenadine for Veils; Machine sewing silks; Hosiery and Gloves; Alexander Kid Gloves for ladies and misses; Gents Cassimere and Cloth Gloves; Fur and Buckskin Gloves; Undershirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Neckties, collars and cuffs, Notions and Jewelry.
Wall paper, Carpets, Floor Cloths, Window shades, Zephyr and Knitting Yarns.
Fashionable clothing for Gents and Boys, which will be sold at reduced prices. A full stock of new Hats and Caps, which will be sold at small profits.
A full line of fall Trimmings and Millinery goods of the latest and best fashions. New style ladies Hats, trimmed and untrimmed; Hat and Bonnet frames; finest of French and American Flowers for the Fall season; Ostrich feathers; Manufactured Plumes of different shades; Bonnet Silks and Velvets, all colors; Velvets and Plushes in full lines of colors; new style Satin Ribbons, all widths and shades; Bonnet and trimming ribbons, all shades; Sash ribbons new style of Silk and Beaded Laces; Maltese, Tartetons, Black English Crapes; Crape Veils and Collars; a full line of Mourning Goods; all numbers of Cloaks; Machine thread; Breakfast Shawls, Nubias, Fancy Hoods and Corsets; a full line of every thing usually kept in a

FIRST CLASS TRIMMING STORE!!
Liberal Reductions made to Milliners.

WINTER OPENING
AT
A. & B. F. CAMPBELL'S.

We have just received from Philadelphia a Splendid Stock of Goods consisting in part of the following:

Cassimeres & cassinets, tweeds, & jeans, plain & barred flannels, canton flannels & linseys, brown & bleached muslins, delaines & ginghams, undershirts & drawers, merinos, coburgs and alpaccas. A large stock of shawls, hosiery and gloves, ribbons & hat trimmings, ladies' cloaks and cloaking, a large stock of calicos. Corsets and collars, cotton batting, nubias and scarfs, belmoral skirts, hoop skirts, white and colored blankets, drillings & colored muslins, carpet chain, cotton yarn, velvets, ribbon, silk and linen handkerchief, Irish linen, seven quarter table linen, linen towels, belting & buckles, wall paper, dress buttons, wadding.

Hats, caps, boots and shoes, hardware, queensware and a general assortment of groceries, all of which we will sell

AT THE LOWEST PRICES!
CALL SOON.
A. & B. F. CAMPBELL, Jr.
Waynesburg, Pa.-Dec. 23-tf

SEE THE GREAT BLACK CAT!

A league of Goods at

H. A. RINEHART'S,

Opposite the Court House, Waynesburg, Pa.

Fresh Hominy
Fresh Hominy
Fresh Hominy
Dried Peaches
Dried Peaches
Dried Peaches
Goshen Cheese
Goshen Cheese
Goshen Cheese
Canned Peaches
Canned Peaches
Canned Peaches
Canned Corn
Canned Corn
Canned Corn
Canned Tomatoes
Canned Tomatoes
Canned Tomatoes
(11-4-tf)

A GRAND RALLY!

BOOTS AND SHOES!

JOHN M. WINGET, is said to have the largest stock of HOME-MADE Boots and Shoes in Waynesburg, all of which are manufactured from the

VERY BEST MATERIAL!

He has a general assortment of Men and Boy's Fine, Course and Kip Boots; Ladies,' Misses' and Children's Shoes and Slippers in great variety and will be sold

CHEAPER THAN EVER!

He keeps good workmen and does not manufacture from refuse material but from the best in the market. Those wishing work made from their own material can be accommodated on

VERY SHORT NOTICE!

Don't forget the place,

SOUTH OF THE WORLEY HOUSE.

NEAR COTTERELL'S TANNERY,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

GIVE ME A CALL SOON.

Aug. 19-tf. JOHN M. WINGET.

The Waynesburg Republican.

NOTICE TO ATTORNEYS.—Attorneys will be held responsible for Paper Books, Advertising and Job Work, ordered by them and not paid for in advance. Such bills to be collectable on demand.

☞Mr. F. H. Craig is our agent at Carmichaels for the REPUBLICAN. He will receive payments on subscriptions and give receipts; will also contract for the insertion of advertisements.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The attention of our readers is especially directed to the following advertisements, which apppear for the first time in our paper to-day,

☞Card—S G Rogers,
☞Card—Mildred & John,
☞Sheriff's Sale—H B Silveus.
☞Sheriff's Sale—U B Silveus.

THE "Carmichaels Locals" came too late for insertion this week.

THE best work and the best material warranted at the cabinet shop of Mildred & John, Waynesburg, Pa.

WE have received from the Type Foundry a new horse cut, of the latest style. Those interested will take notice.

REMOVAL.—Messrs. Mildred & John have removed to their new shop south of F. & D. Nat. Bank, where they will be pleased to see customers.

FIRE.—Yesterday afternoon the Greene House took fire from a stove pipe, the soot burning and falling between the floor and ceiling. It was put out before much damage was done.

WE learn that the veteran soldier, Capt. J. M. Kent, of this place, is about to begin the organization of the first Regiment of the 17th Division of Pa. Volunteer Militia. We wish him success. Rally boys, once again; in time of peace prepare for war.

COUNTRY NEWSPAPERS.—It is the duty of every one to take his own town or county paper; having subscribed for that you want one good monthly, one containing good stories, essays, receipts, drawing lessons, fashions, &c.—*Godey's Lady's Book.*

True, and the Magazine that fills the bill is Godey, and no other.

LAST week, through the negligence of the one whose duty it was to attend to it, the papers were not taken to the Post Office in time for the Wednesday morning mails. We regret this very much, and ask pardon of those subscribers who missed getting their papers, promising to use every effort to avoid a repetition of the neglect.

THE public examination of the classes in the Female Department of the College was held on last Thursday. It was the universal expression that it is seldom so young scholars can recite before a large audience with so few mistakes. The result speaks well for the thoroughness of instruction given in the College. A large number of citizens were present to encourage teacher and scholars in thei work.

A DAILY COMPANION.—*Webster's Unabridged Dictionary* has been, in common with other great lexicons of the English language, one of my daily companions.

My testimonial to its erudition, the accuracy of its definitions, and to the vast etymological research by which it has been enriched through the labors recently bestowed upon it, can hardly be of much value, sustained as the book is in world-wide reputation, by so general an approbation; but I have no hesitation in thus expressing my sense of its merits. JOHN L. MOTLEY.

CANOPY.—We saw yesterday a very nice thing at the marble shop of Sayers & Rinehart, in this place. It is a Canopy, made of brown stone, having a base, a body, on the top of this four pillars supporting a roof, and above this, an ornament of brown stone. Under the roof and inside the pillars a marble figure a of little child in repose is placed. The whole design is beautiful, surpassing anything we ever saw. It will surely be a loving tribute to the memory the child over whose grave it may be placed. We understand it is for sale.

THE borough election last Friday passed off very quietly. The Republicans did not make much effort. The Democrats did their best to roll up a large majority, importing some eight votes from outside districts. Some of these fellows may yet find themselves indicted for perjury. A nice game was tried by the Democrats—to run two candidates for Inspector, hoping to find the Republicans off their guard. Result—the Republican candidate received more votes than either the others. They are smart men, they are. The Republicans only voted for Justice of the Peace and Inspector. The result was as follows:

Justice of the Peace, Simon Rinehart, (blacksmith) 147; Geo. S. Jeffery, 109. Inspector, Frank. Campbell 85; Wm. Hays 79 Jno. Wiley 72. The rest of the ticket was elected without opposition. Considering the smallness of the one party and the indifference of the other, the victory is nothing to boast of. Last fall the majority here was 46; now it is 38.

The Justice of the Peace elected is in place of Simon Rinehart (Republican) retiring.

ENTERTAINMENT.—The Entertainment given by the ladies of the College in the chapel on last Wednesday evening, was a nice affair. The weather was very inclement, a high wind blowing that almost took off one his feet, yet a goodly audiance was present. The music was furnished by several ladies and gentlemen, and surpassed anything we have heard for a long time. The performances consisted of:

Prologue, Miss Lizzie Gray.
Essay, Miss Emma Clark.
Recitation, Scott and the veteran, Miss Belle Coleman.
Epistolary, Miss Rhoda Long.
Select Reading, Miss Sadie Campbell.
Essay, Miss Linnie Andrews.
Select Dialouge, by seven ladies.
Debate—*Resolved*, that circumstance, mould character. Affirm, Miss Hannah Denny; Deny, Miss Emma Grim.
Dialogue, Mission of the Spirits: Spirit of the Flowers—Mary Temple. Spirit of the Light—Jennie Flenniken. Spirit of the Air—Lizzie Bryan. Spirit of the Water—Mamie Wells. Spirit of the Woods—Heddie Tannehill.

On the whole, the performances were very good, superior to those generally heard at such times.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.—The meeting of the Good Templars in the M. E. Church on last Tuesday night, was a fine affair. Although the weather was very inclement, a large audience assembled, besides the members of the Order. After opening with music, and prayer by Rev. J. C. Momyer, the speaker of the evening, Mr. B. Frank Flenniken, delivered an able, interesting and instructive lecture on the subject of Temperance. We wish that some of our Judges could have heard it. The evils of moderate drinking were dwelt on by the speaker in a manner that should make those tremble who tamper with the demon of the cup. Some startling and sadly mournful statistics were presented. Altogether, the lecture was well worthy the occasion and the speaker, as this was his first attempt at speaking. Could all the young men so heartily engaged in the cause of temperance, the next generation would be safe. After the lecture, the following toasts were read:

"The Speaker—God bless him." "Total abstinence." "Rummy, may his nose continue to blossom until it shall bear fruit." "A well *red* article—the tipler's nose." 'Our noble order; the educator of the youth, the preserver of good manners and morals, the home of virtue, the promoter of health and the way to manhood." By an outside friend—"Vigilant Lodge of Good Templars; let your motto be 'upward and onward;' your efforts are appreciated by your friends and you have their prayers for success as an organization, and for your individual happinass and prosperity.

'Then forward, boys, hurrah!
We'll join the glorious fray;
We'll hoist our flag to victory,
The right shall win the day.'"

"The Ladies—the best friends of every noble and benevolent object; the choice spirits of our world. So long as we are blest with warm hearts, we shall be most happy to join with them in temperance, in affection, and in matrimony."

Other toasts were read, for which we have not now room. The Order is in a flourishing condition, and is doing much good.

THE CONTEST.—This annual trial of skill between the two Societies of the College came off Thursday evening last. Before the "shades of night" had fairly set in, crowds were wending their way to the chapel, determined to secure seats. Soon the hall was filled to overflowing, and the Band, discoursing sweet (?) music, began the order of exercises. The performances were as follows:

* Select Oration—The Advance—R. W. Ledwith, Waynesburg, Pa.
Select Oration—The Illustrious Dead—T. A. Sawhill, Claysville, Pa.
Essay—More Light—W. S. Danley, Good Intent, Pa.
* Essay—Our Flags—J. H. Campbell, Waynesburg, Pa.
Original Oration—The Hand-maids of Tyranny—J. M. Garrison, Taylorstown, Pa.
* Original Oration—The Empire of Genius—W. A. Hook, Waynesburg, Pa.
Debate—Question—Should the Judiciary in the United States be elected by the people?
* Affirm—W. A. McConnell—Angola, Indiana.
Deny—J. B. Hall—Macomb, Ill.
* Honors.

One of the performers, Mr. Sawhill, was unable from sickness to perform.

The audience kept good order, although a number of *hayers* were present, whether the genus *asinus*, or the genus *homo*, was hard to tell. As is always the case, some go merely to talk and laugh. We saw two ladies who pride themselves on superior education, laughing and talking during almost the whole evening.

The occasion was on the whole a very pleasant one, especially to the society that carried off the honors. All of the performances were good, and did honor to the performers, the societies and the College. At about ten o'clock the audience "wended their slippery way" homeward, some agreeing, and others disagreeing, with the decision of the Judges. *Vice la* Waynesburg College!

For the REPUBLICAN.

MR. EDITOR:—Permit me through the columns of your paper to give a brief notice of an exhibition held at Gwynn's School House on Muddy Creek. The school was taught the present term by Mr. Clinton Gwynn. The performers consisted of the larger pupils of the school, assisted by the gentlemen of the neighborhood. The performances consisted of Declamations, Dialogues, Essays and Tableaux, interspersed with vocal and instrumental music. We wish to particularize a little. A tableau entitled, "The Children of Israel," was very beautiful, and all present could not help thinking they were truly from Israel. A comic declamation, spoken by J. R. Baily, subject "American Citizens," was very good. An original lecture on Intemperance was well composed and well delivered, reflecting much credit on the speaker. The Muddy Creek band then played a piece of music which was really beautiful. Before dismission the teacher came forward and delivered a short but eloquent address, thanking the parents for bearing him up in his efforts to instruct their children, and also the ladies and gentlemen for assisting him in having a good time at the close of the school. Why don't every community do likewise? S.

I. O. O. F.—Celebration and Dedication at Jefferson, Greene County, Pa. Gen. Greene Lodge, No. 493, I. O. O. F. will celebrate the semi-centennial aniversary of the order by a public procession and dedication of their new hall in Jefferson, on Monday, April 26, 1869. Neighboring Lodges and members in good standing are fraternally invited to participate.

HENRY DAVIS,
JOHN REX,
R. C. POLLOCK,
B. B. SMITH,
H. H. LINDSEY, } Com.

THE following items are taken from the Washington *Reporter*, a first class paper:

A huge joke was played upon the people of Washington the day after the Inauguration, by some one pasting on the telegraph bulletin the names of a Cabinet selected by Grant, which hardly accords with the real one. Everybody fell into the trap.

The Chartiers Valley railroad has again received a blow, that will probably put a stop to it. The transfer of stock cannot be al o.

JEFFERSON LOCALS.—*March 12.*—This is the day of our election, and like all other election days it is quite uncomfortable; as regards the result of our election I am unable to say; we did not try or make the least effort to carry our side of the question. We are outnumbered both in borough and township, there being but 13 Republican voters in town, but we are strong in the faith, ever hoping that we will gain the field at some future day. Our dedication is over. We had very unfavorable weather for it, the rain coming in great abundance on Tuesday eve, and continuing on until Wednesday evening. In spite of it, however, we had a very nice time. The morning hack brought Rev. S. Wakefield, D. D. among us. Tuesday night being very foggy on the river, the boats were unable to run; this being the case our Elder (Rev. L. K. Beacom,) was prevented from being with us. In the morning at the ringing of bell the people gathered to the new hall; the services were opened by the Rev. A. J. Collins, after which, Rev. S. Wakefield delivered an excellent sermon from 2 Cor., 5, 1st; at the close, the Rev. C. Tilton closed with prayer. At half past two o'clock the congregation reassembled, the afternoon hack bringing the Elder who at once proceeded to the dedication of the building. Rev. Wakefield read the dedicatory ceremonies, after which Rev. L. R. Beacom, preached from the 27th Psalm, 4th verse. The Elder is a noble preacher, and a perfect man. After this sermon our preacher in charge, Rev. J. G. Gogley, (who is always on hands to make the occasion cheerful and lively by his pleasant countenance and his ever willingness to make everything more along smoothly,) came forward and told the congregation that he was going to call on them to assist in clearing the debt yet remaining on the building. $700 was the amount called for and it looked like a big thing to ask that little assembly to do. Quite a lively time was experienced and a nice sum was realized, when we were dismissed with the announcement of service at lamp lighting. In the evening Dr. Wakefield again addressed us. He is also an excellent minister. Our pastor again made his appearance and presenting the subscription paper to any who would annex their names, quite an addition was made. At the close of the evening we found that subscriptions to the amount of $500 had been received, part of which was cashed before the day was closed. Rev. Beacom stated that he never had seen people that would give as liberally as the people of Jefferson.

Thursday the preachers left and with them our pastor, who goes to New Philadelphia, the seat of the Conference, where he will learn his destiny for the next year. He has labored well, and we hope he may return.

Well, to-morrow will tell whether we are to have a College or not, as a meeting will be held. Hope we will, as want to go ahead of Carmichaels. We are already ahead of them in having a Lodge of Good Templars. FRED.

THE fame of the celebrated Plantation Bitters has no parallel in the history of Medicine. The thousands upon thousands of bottles that are made and sold daily is but proof positive of their wonderful virtues. Thousands of certificates can be produced showing the efficacy and certainty of the cures which they effect, and the Medical Fraternity, usually so jealous of anything which causes persons to think and doctor for themselves, are compelled to acknowledge their wonderful virtues, and prescribe them under other names. They are sold by all druggists.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best German Cologne, and sold at half price.

WE learn that Wm Parkinson, formerly a citizen of this place, has formed a partnership in the law business with Mr. S. A. Heaton, of Wheeling, W. Va. Mr. Parkinson was a student of the College here, and studied law with Wyly & Buchanan; after which he was admited to the bar at our Court. He is known to all as an active, energetic business man, and a lawyer of acknowledged ability.

We wish the firm much success, and can recommend to all persons who may wish to employ Attorneys in Wheeling, that in Messrs. Heaton & Parkinson they will find prompt business men and pleasant gentlemen.

For the Republican.

WAYNESBURG, PA., March 15, 1869.

MR. EDITOR:—Please allow me space in your valuable family paper, to thank my friends in Waynesburg and throughout the whole county, for their patronage bestowed on me during the last nine years, while in the employ of Mr. W. A. Porter and Dr. James Guiher, as *salesman*.

To all such I would say, that I have formed a co-partnership with Mr. Amos B. Mildred, in the Cabinet Making and Undertaking business in this place.

I will be pleased to receive a call from any or all of my friends who wish any thing in the line of Furniture or Undertaking.

Our Stock of Furniture and Coffins shall not be surpassed in Style or Finish, by any Shop in the county. We keep an excellent Hearse to attend funerals, with promptness, and on the most reasonable terms. Our shop is situated between the F. & D. Nat. Bank and Eagle Foundry.

Respectfully yours,
GIDEON J. JOHN.

COPARTNERSHIP.—I have this day taken in as my partner in the Mercantile business, Mr. Jacob Ross. Feeling thankful to the public for past favors, I hope to receive a liberal patronage for the new firm of Shirk & Ross. Our place of business after the 1st of April will be in the store room in the Hamilton House. D. SHIRK.

PAY UP!—All persons knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned must call and settle their accounts against the 15th of March, as no more indulgence will be given. Having taken a partner in the Mercantile business, it is very necessary to have all accounts settled up. D. SHIRK.
March 3-3t.

NO WONDER why the coal sells so fast at Ten Mile Works. 'Tis the measure and the quality—ask those that purchase.

SOLD OUT.—This is to give notice that I have sold my entire stock to W. P. Smith. All persons indebted to me by note or book account must call and settle before the 25th of March, inst. The books will be in the hands of E. W. Parkinson, until that time, at the old stand. THOS. BRADEN.

BAPTIST COLLEGE.—Meeting at Jefferson. The two great cares of parents are to educate and to clothe their children. To do this properly, the people have resolved to build a College in Jefferson, and to buy their goods at Fordyces, where you are always sure of getting good goods at a fair price.

MERCHANTS and others in want of my Champion salve can get it at the Drug store of D. W. Braden—my agent for Greene co.
DR. JACOB H STEWART.

AZURENE.—Go and buy a box of this article and see if it is not the best indigo made. Only six cents a box. For sale at Roberts' and Rinehart's.

IT MUST BE SO.—Judging from the much nice coal going through town, that Ten Mile Works have a full head of steam on. Bob advertises and fulfills his promises.

DON'T BELIEVE IT.—When you hear road side reports of Ten Mile Coal works being "broke," coal away on the platform.

BUY one box of Azurene for six cents, and it will last as long as a quarter's worth of common indigo.

FAHNESTOCK'S pure white Lead, also pure linseed oil at Braden's Drug Store.

2000 BUSH. of extra coarse coal on yard at Camp Ground.

NOW is the time for Sargent's cough syrup and pills Get them at Braden's.

HOSTETTER'S and Mishler's bitters at Braden's Drug Store.

A FINE lot of Butcher and Carving knives at T. Braden's hardware store.

ALL the best patent medicines sold at the Drug Store of Dr. D. W. Braden.

CRYSTAL Solforine for coloring Red sold a Braden's Drug Store.

ROADS are very good to Ten Mile coal works.

WILSON'S pills for headache, sold at Braden's Drug Store.

PRESERVE your hair with Barnet's Hair Restorative. Get it at Braden's.

Married.

PORTER—MCAFEE—Feb. 22, by Rev. J. W. Hamilton at the house of the bride's brother in Amity, Pa., J. H. Porter, M. D. of Greene Co., and Miss. Hannah McAfee, of Washington Co., Pa.

WOLF—MCCANN—Wednesday, March 10, 1869, by Rev. I N Cary, Mr. W H Wolf, of Fayette Co., and Miss Nancy J McCann of Carmichaels, Pa.

DR. WHITTLESEY will be in Waynesburg, ON THURSDAY AND FRIDAY THE 1st AND 2d DAYS OF APRIL.

Chronic Diseases have long been his special study, and the past fifteen years have abundantly shown his success. The Doctor might present a volume of certificates, complimentary notices, &c., but the most satisfactory testimonial will be given to the public in a trial of his skill.

Dr. Whittlesey diagnoses disease by means of the urine—one of the most infallible tests in old Chronic Diseases. In the examination of this secretion, he employs Optical Chemical and Microscopic tests.

Persons unable to attend in person, can send and have their case examined, and the necessary medicines sent them.

Dr. W. treats all forms of Chronic Disease, such as

Consumption, Rheumatism, Liver complaint, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Paralysis, Piles, Fits, Scrofula, Kidney Diseases Diseases of the Spine, Heart, Stomach, Head, Skin, Female Diseases, Nervous Debility, General Debility, &c., are all promptly and permanently cured, when curable, and no encouragement will be given for the sake of fee.

☞Call upon him, at the Hamilton House on the 1st and 2d days of April as he makes no charge for consultations, all of which are private and strictly confidential.

B. L. Fahnestock's worm confections and Vermifuge at Braden's Drug Store.

Markets.

WAYNESBURG MARKET.

WAYNESBURG March 16, 1869.

Corrected Weekly for the REPUBLICAN.

PRODUCE.	
Butter (fresh roll.) ₩ lb	35
Eggs ₩ doz	26
Potatoes ₩ bush	1 25@1 50
Lard ₩ lb	12½
Tallow ₩ lb	12½
Country Soap ₩ lb	08
Dried Apples ₩ lb	10
FLOUR AND GRAIN.	
Flour ₩ bbl	8 00
Wheat ₩ bush	1 40@1 50
Rye ₩ bush	1 15@1 20
Corn ₩ bush	75
Corn Meal ₩ bush	80
GROCERIES.	
Coffee ₩ lb	28@30
Tea ₩ lb	1 80
Brown Sugar ₩ lb	15
Refined Sugar ₩ lb	18
Syrup ₩ gal	50
Molasses (N. Orleans)	1 20
Sorghum ₩ gal	1 00
Salt ₩ bbl	3 25
Rice ₩ lb	15

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

MONDAY March 14, 1869.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale prices:

GRAIN AND FLOUR.	
Wheat, Penn'a. and Ohio, Winter Red	$1 60
Rye ₩ bush	1 45
Oats ₩ bush	60@65c
Corn ₩ bush	75@80
Spring Wheat Flour	6 50@7 50
Winter Wheat	8 00@9 75
PROVISIONS.	
Shoulders	14c
Sugar Cured Hams	19c
Lard	21c
Potatoes, ₩ bush	75@80
Apples ₩ bbl	4 00@6 00
Cheese	24
Eggs ₩ doz	21
Butter	40@45
Hay	22.00@25.00

NEW YORK DRY GOOD MARKET.

NEW YORK March 16.—The dry goods market is slowly recovering from the long dullness. There was a fair business to-day and prices for most goods are steady, but the print market is a little weak

Markets.

PITTSBURG LIVE STOCK MARKET.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, March 15, 1869.

CATTLE—The market ruled dull the last week, with 50cts decline on low grades. Supply of good is light, but plenty of common.

HOGS—Receipts rather light, and market slow. Choice hogs scarce and buyers plenty. $12 per hundred.

SHEEP—Market well supplied, but prices well up, ranging from $5 00 to 5 50 for common; $5 75 to 6 25 for medium; $6 50 to 7 50 for good.

Special Notices.

☞Buchu.—From dispensatory of the United States.

DIOSMA CRENATA—BUCHU LEAVES.

PROPERTIES.—Their odor is strong, diffusive and sometimes aromatic, their taste bitterish, and analogous to mint.

MEDICAL Properties and Uses.—Buchu leaves are gently stimulant, with a peculiar tendency to the Urinary Organs.

They are given in complaints of the Urinary Organs, such as Gravel, Chronic Catarrh of the Bladder, Morbid Irritation, of the Bladder and Urethe, Disease of the Prostrate Gland, and Retention or Incontinence of Urine, from a loss of tone in the parts concerned in its evacuation. The remedy has also been recommended in Dyspepsia Chronic Rheumatism, Cutaneous Affections and Dropsy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu is used by persons from the ages of 18 to 25, and from 35 to 55, or in the decline or change of life; after Confinement or Labor Pains; Bed-Wetting in children.

In affections peculiar to females, the Extract Buchu is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations Ulcerated or Schirrous State of the Uterus, Leucorrhea, or Whites.

DISEASES of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel and Dropsical Swelling.—This medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, by which the Watery or Calcareous depositions, and all Unnatural Enlargement are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflammation.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given. Irritation of the neck of the Bladder, and Inflammation of the Kidneys, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urine, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brick-dust Deposit, and Mucus or milky discharges, and for enfeebled and delicate constitutions, of both sexes, attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruption on the Face, Pallid Countenance, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, &c.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu Diuretic and Blood-Purifying, and cures all Diseases arising from habits of dissipation, excesses and imprudences in life, Impurities of the Blood, &c., superseding Copaiba in affections for which it is used, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleets of long standing, and Syphilitic Affections—in these diseases used in connection with Helmbold's Rose Wash. Sold by all Druggists and dealers every where. Beware of counterfeits. Ask for Helmbold's Take no other. PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

Address H. T. HELMBOLD, 594 Broadway, N Y

None are genuine unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed H. T. HELMBOLD,

☞Guide to Marriage.—Young Men's Guide to Happy Marriage and Conjugal Felicity. The luminous views of benevolent Physicians, on the Errors and abuses incident to Youth and early Manhood, sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa.
June 17,'68-1y

New Advertisements.

MILDRED & JOHN,
Cabinet Makers and Undertakers,

Have removed to their New Shop, South of the F. & D. Nat. Bank, Waynesburg, Pa.

Everything in their line kept and made to order by the best of workmen, and of the best material. AN ELEGANT HEARSE always in readiness to attend funerals.
March 17, 1869.

S. G. ROGERS,
PHOTOGRAPHER,

Room formerly occupied by Wallace & Bane, opposite Court House, Waynesburg, Pa.

All kinds of pictures in fair or foul weather. Pictures copied. Frames of every kind for sale. Satisfaction guaranteed.

☞Give him a trial.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greene County, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Waynesburg, Greene county, Pa.,

ON SATURDAY THE 10TH DAY OF APRIL, 1869, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following property, viz: All the right, title, interest and claim of defendants, of, in and to a certain one square of lots in the town of Waynesburg, being lots N. 67, 68 and 69 in plan of the said town of Waynesburg, bounded and described as follows: On the North by Franklin street, on the East by Finly Alley, on the South by Strawberry alley and on the West by Cumberland street, known as the old brewery lots, and the whole under fence.

Taken in execution as the property of Wm. A. Porter, and W. T. E. Webb, assignee of said Porter, at the suit of Thomas W. Clark.
March 17-4t H. B. SILVEUS, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greene county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Waynesburg, Greene county, Pa.,

ON SATURDAY THE 10TH DAY OF APRIL next, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following property, viz: All the right, title, interest and claim of David Good, of, in and to a certain tract of land situated in Aleppo township, Greene county, Pa., adjoining lands of Mary Barnhart on the East, Isaac Jobes on the South, John Morlit on the West and others, containing one hundred acres more or less, about forty or fifty acres of which are cleared, and has erected thereon one heured Log House, one Log Stable and other outbuilding; also some fruit trees.

Taken in execution as the property of David Good at the suit of Andrew Hinerman
March 10-4t H. B. SILVEUS, Sheriff.

JNO. W. OGLEVEE,
with
WILLIAM FLEMING,
dealer in
Hats, Caps, Ladies' Furs and Straw Goods,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
No. 129 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
March 10-4t

AGENTS WANTED.—A Book of General Interest to all classes.
RECOLLECTIONS OF A BUSY LIFE,
BY HORACE GREELEY,
In one octavo volume of over 500 pages, well printed on fine paper, and illustrated with an admirable Portrait on Steel of Mr. Greely, with pictures of his various Homes, his Farm, &c., together with a beautiful Portrait of Margaret Fuller, engraved by Linton.

MR GREELEY has said of it: "I shall never write anything else in which I shall put so much of myself, my experiences, notions, convictions, and modes of thought, as these RECOLLECTIONS. I give, with small reserve, my mental history." The book embraces views of early New England settlement, the author's own youthful life, education, apprenticeship, adventures, professional and political reminiscences, experience in Congress, newsp per life in New York, and much useful talk about farms and farming. It is a peculiarly entertaining and valuable work—a look behind the scenes during an important period of the country's history.

For terms &c., address with stamps,
CHARLES S. GREENE, & CO.,
3-18-4t 403 Chestnut St., Phila. Pa.

NEW LIVERY STABLE
IN WAYNESBURG, PA.

The subscribers would respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to

ACCOMMODATE AT ALL HOURS WITH

GOOD HORSES AND GOOD BUGGIES,

Our Stable will be found in rear of the Hamilton House, near the Steam Mill.
May 20, '68-1y W. A. & C. W. BANE.

ADAMS EXPRESS OFFICE,
WAYNESBURG, GREENE CO., PA.,

Goods, Packages, Money and Articles of every description forwarded to all parts of the United States, with despatch and safety.

☞Collections promptly attended to.
☞Goods sent to all parts of the county.
JOS. COOKE, Agent.
Sept. 25, 1868-6m.

Legal Advertisements.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the following Executors, Administrators and Guardians, have filed their accounts in our Register's Office, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Greene Co., for confirmation and allowance, on Wednesday, April 14, 1869. P. BROWN, Register.

Account of John Golden, Executor of the will of Mary Seals, deceased.
Account of Olive Thomas and Joseph Patterson, Executors of the will of John Thomas dec'd.
Account of D. D. Odell, Administrator of the estate of Z. C. Riley, dec'd.
Account of John Clayton, administrator of the estate of Thomas Jewell, dec'd.
Account of Benjamin Way, Guardian of Clementine Sayers, formerly Rush.
Account of Gideon Long, Administrator C. T. A. of the estate of David Kesner, dec'd.
Account of Isaac F. Randolph, Guardian of Sarah Norris, minor child of Thomas Norris, dec'd.
Account of R. H. Phelan, Esq., Administrator of the estate of W. L. Creigh, deceased.
Account of Thomas Hill, Guardian of Eliza A. Zimmerman, minor child of William Zimmerman deceased.
Account of D. W. Longdon, guardian of George W., James H. and Francis Jane McKee, minor children of Elizabeth McKee, dec'd.
Account of Thomas Adamson, Administrator of the estate of James E. Adamson, dec'd.
Account of Thos. Adamson, Surviving Executor of the will of Charles Adamson, dec'd.
Account of Jonas Ely, Guardian of Thos. J. Kent minor child of Thos. Kent, dec'd.
Separate account of James Stone, one of the Executors of the Will of Stephen Stone, dec'd.
Account of Jacob Ramer and Ayers L. Myers, Executors of the Will of P. A. Myers (of P.) dec'd.
Account of Samuel Penn administrator upon the estate of Nathan Penn, dec'd.

APPLICANTS FOR TAVERN LICENSE AT April Term, 1869.

GEORGE COWELL, Davistown, Greene Co.
GILMAN HIGGMAN, Newtown.
JESSE MITCHELL, Jackson tp, Pa.
EDWARD FERREL, Jackson tp, Pa.
BENJAMIN MOORLEY, Willow Tree, Grech tp.
MARIAH SUTTON, Waynesburg, (New Hotel.)
EVERLY & TAYLOR, Waynesburg, Hamilton House.
THOMAS BRADLEY, Sherman House, Waynesburg, Pa.
WM. J. LIPPENCOTT, Morrisville.
SUSAN PETTIT, Bridgeport, Franklin tp.
J. P. ULLUM, Graysville, Richhill tp.
L. D. INGHRAM, Jefferson tp.
WILLIAM A. PORTER, Greene House, Waynesburg.
MARTHA MONIGER, Jacksonville
DAVID TAYLOR, Eating House, Waynesburg.
J. R. HEWIT, Worley House, Waynesburg.
ISAIAH FADDIS, Rices Landing.
JAMES CARTER, Jacksonville.
A. J. HARGER, New Freeport.
HENRY J. JENNINGS, Carmichaels.
JOHN PENN, Nineveh.
REBECCA JANE BURGARNER—Jefferson.

All applicants for tavern license must send in one dollar to pay for publication.
March 10-4t J. F. TEMPLE, Clerk.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fi Fa, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greene county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Waynesburg, Greene county, Pa.,

ON SATURDAY THE 27TH DAY OF APRIL, next, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following property, to wit: All the right, title, interest and claim of James Cowen and Mary J. Cowen, of, in and to a certain tract of land situated in Morgantp., Greene county, Pa., adjoining land of Wm. Eaton on the East, Miller Crawne on the West, Uriah Lippencott on the South and Wm. H. Randolph on the North, containing Two Acres, more or less, having erected thereon one Frame Dwelling House one and one-half stories high, and one Frame Blacksmith's shop; also some other out buildings.

Taken in execution as the property of James Cowen and Mary J. Cowen, at the suit of J. Mills Cowen. H. B. SILVEUS, sheriff.
March 10-

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

The subscriber will sell at public outcry on THURSDAY, MARCH 25, his FARM in Aleppo township, adjoining lands of Peter Ulom, John King, and others, consisting of 80 acres; 47 cleared, the rest good timber. One hewed log dwelling House, Stable, Blacksmith's Shop, &c. A young Orchard, mostly grafted fruit.

TERMS—One-third down, and the rest in two equal annual payments.
3-10-3t JNO. W. MITCHELL.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Orphans' Court, December term, 1868, No——. In the matter of the estate of Robert Adams, dec'd.

And now to wit: February 20, 1869, R. W. Downey, Esq., appointed Auditor to ascertain and report the advancements made by the Testator in his lifetime to his several Heirs and Legatees. By the Court, J. F. TEMPLE, Clerk

I will attend to the duties of the above appointment, at my office in Waynesburg, on 24th day of March, 1869.
10-3-3t R. W. DOWNEY, Auditor.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Hiram Stephens, dec'd., late of Greene township, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
AZARIAH STEPHENS,
CORBLY GREGG,
Feb. 17-6p-6t Administrators.

NOTICE.

The undersigned, Committee of Peter Fry, a lunatic, hereby gives notice that his account is on file in the Prothonotary's office and will be presented to the Court for confirmation at April Term, next.
March 10-3t GODFREY ENGLE.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after November 22, 1868, trains arrive at and depart from the Union depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Mail Train 1:30 a m	Day Express 2:30 a m
East Line 2:40 a m	Wall's No. 1 6:30 a m
Wall's No. 1 6:30 a m	Mail Train 8:15 a m
Briton Ac 7:50 a m	Cincinnati Ex. 12:35 p m
Wall's No. 2 8:50 a m	Wall's No. 2 11:20 p m
Cincinnati Ex 9:40 a m	Johnstown Ac. 3:25 p m
Johnstown Ac. 10:35 a m	Braddock No 1. 4:30 p m
Baltimore Ex. 1:45 a m	Philla. Exp. 6:10 p m
Philla. Exp. 2:05 a m	Wall's Ac No 3. 5:00 p m
Wall's No. 4 3:00 a m	Wall's Ac No 4. 7:15 p m
Braddock's No 1. 5:30 a m	Fast Line 7:50 p m
Wall's No. 4 7:25 a m	Wall's No. 2 11:20 p m
Way Passenger & Emig'tr'n 10:20 p m	

The Church trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:15 a m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 a m. Returning leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p m., and arrive at Wall's Station at 2:00 p. m.

Cincinnati Express leaves daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

For further information apply to
W. H. BROKWITH, Agent.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for Wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All baggage exceeding that amount in value, will be at the risk of owner, unless taken by special contract.
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Sup't., Altoona, Pa.

CHICKERING & SONS,
Manufacturers of
Grand, Square and upright Pianos. Received the First Grand Gold Medal, and the still higher recompense
The Cross of the Legion of Honor, at the UNIVERSAL EXPOSITION, PARIS, 1867.

These were the highest awards of the Exposition, and the house of Chickering & Sons was the only one so honored.

In the United States we have been awarded Sixty-nine First Premiums in direct competition with the leading manufacturers of the country, and at the Great Exhibition in London we received the highest award given to any manufacturer in the United States. Total, Seventy-one First Premiums, and the most flattering testimonials from the leading artists of the world

WAREROOMS:
No. 11 East Fourteenth Street, New York,
Between Broadway and Fifth Avenue,
Feb. 10-3m

GREENE ACADEMY AND NORMAL SCHOOL.

CARMICHAELS, GREENE CO., PA.

Fall Term commences Aug. 17, 1868, and continues eighteen weeks. The Normal Department is for the benefit of teachers. The building has been refitted. Students have access to two Libraries. Societies are in a flourishing condition. To the Institution belongs apparatus for all kinds of experiments. Good Telescope, Microscope, Charts, &c. It is desired that all should be present the beginning of the term.

BOARDING can be obtained in town or a short distance in the country from $2 75 to $3 00 per week. For information address Dr. A. B. Laidley, Sec., or either of the Trustees.
July 29,'68-1y W. F. URR, Pres.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As the firm of HUGHES & LUCAS is dissolved by mutual consent, the Commission business will still be carried on at the old stand, in good order, and on the most reasonable terms, in the name and style of L. HUGHES & CO., (senior partner.) They thatter themselves, by having the House and the best location in the place for that business, that they will RECEIVE a liberal share of the public patronage.

They will also KEEP a good supply of GROCERIES on hand to accommodate all who may favor them with a call.
HUGHES & CO.,
10-1t Rice's Landing, Pa.

$5 PER DAY!

Any one wishing to engage in a pleasant and profitable business, can learn

SOMETHING TO THEIR ADVANTAGE

by enclosing 25 cents for sample with terms to
C. V. LEWIS,
March 3-3t Ruffs Creek, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

1026 MIL

WHO PUTS UP THE BARS?

There exists an obstacle in the way of what is sometimes called "Free Communion of all the disciples of Christ at the Lords table;" in which the Baptist denomination has been charged with putting up "bars" around the communion table, against their brethren of other denominatiotions; and close communion" is urged as a standing warning to all young converts against uniting with the Church.

But it is believed that these aspersions upon a Christian people, numbering over one million of the United States, are unjust; and their position in regard to communion to be scriptural and one which they cannot relinquish without abandoning important christian principles. The charge of placing obstacles in the way of "Free communion" lies elsewhere than to the Baptist Church.

To make this subject more plain, we will suppose the case of four young converts, Peter, James, John and Andrew; and belonging to four different congregations. They are happy in each others society; they rejoice together in the conference and prayer meeting, and there would seem to be no reason why their happy union and fellowship should not continue.

At length from the study of God's word, they are all convinced of their duty to unite with the church, and partake of the Lord's Supper. And naturally enough they all desire to continue together.

They meet to consult on the subject and to see if they can be agreed. They are at once united in the conviction that they must first be Baptized; baptism being a prerequisite to church fellowship and communion. They have next to determine from the scriptures what baptism *is*. Peter says it is an emersion of a believer in water in the name of the Father, Son and Holy Spirit; being "buried with Christ by baptism into death." James John and Andrew agree that this is gospel baptism; and that their consciences would be perfectly satisfied with it; in fact they have sometimes felt that nothing short of this would fully satisfy them.

You see then that there is a way in which our young friends can continue united and happy, in the path of duty, and the conscience of each thoroughly at rest. Now mark you who it is that causes division:

Peter says that he understands, from the example of the Savior, His instructions to the disciples, and the practice of the apostles, that immersion is the only water baptism; so that he is rejoiced that they are all agreed as to what constitutes baptism.

But James says, that, as he belongs to a congregational society and can make sprinkling do, he is going, next Sunday, to unite with the church in that way; and he hopes Peter will not be so *strait laced* in matters which are not of saving efficacy, as to put any bar to their communing together. To this Peter objects, as he cannot accept of sprinkling, and as James is satisfied with immersion, there ought to be no break in the union; and, as to its not being of any saving efficiency, it is the command of the SAVIOUR, and that is sufficient. But James is fixed; he is sprinkled, and goes to the Lord's Supper that way.

John acknowledges that immersion is Gospel baptism, but as he belongs to the Methodist congregation he intends to have water poured upon him, and make that answer for his baptism. Peter plainly protests against pouring for baptism, as unscriptural; and, as immersion is equally good in John's opinion, Peter entreats him not to put up this bar to their communion. But John has water poured on him, in the name of the Trinity and unites with the Methodists.

Now Peter and Andrew remain; and as Andrew has Free-Will Baptist proclivities, they are both agreed in that nothing but immersion will answer consciences. But Andrew says innsmuch as he believes James and Peter are honest, and sprinkling and pouring satisfies *their* consciences, he shall invite them to the Lord's table with him. To this Peter replies that these brethren could conscientiously have come with him, being all satisfied with immersion and acknowledging baptism a prerequisite to communion, but they turned about from him, and puts up a bar which effectually shuts him out from the Lord's table with them. Furthermore Peter could just as well fellowship the sprinkling of James and the pouring of John, at the communion table of the Congregationalists, or Methodists, as to fellowship the same at the Lord's Supper in the Free-Will Baptist Church.

And as to their honesty, it cannot make a particle of difference, as a positive command or ordinance cannot be judged by the honesty of the parties, but by the terms of the command.

The inspired word and not the Christian's conscience, must be the guide in this matter; and the errors of Christians are errors still, however honest they may be. Sincerity can never make anything short of immersion valid baptism, any more than it can make the worship of "the virgin" acceptable to God.

After all, Andrew says he shall invite them to come. They are both immersed; but Peter in this act unites with the Baptist Church, and there partakes of the Supper.

These young Christians are now divided, at the Lord's table—but who among them was the cause of separation? who put up the bar against the conscience of the others? Most assuredly Peter put no bar in the way of his brethren's consciences, as all acknowledge the validity of immersion and it is equally plain that the others did put up a bar in the way of Peter's conscience that he could not overcome.

CONCLUDED IN OUR NEXT.

Miscellaneous.

IF YOU WISH
Try the Combination of
ALLEN, ATWOOD & BATES
GREAT MAMMOTH SALE!
LICENSED BY THE UNITED STATES GOVT.
Having had larger experience, we are confident of success in our One Dollar Sale.

☞NOTICE☜

We will present to any person sending us a club in our Great One Dollar Sale, Silk Dress Pattern, Piece of Sheeting, Sewing Machine, a Carpet, a Watch, &c., &c.

ALL FREE OF COST.

Greatest inducements ever offered. Circular and sample sent free to any address.

ALLEN, ATWOOD & BATES,
Nos. 57 Milk, 78 & 81 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass. 4w.

I want to rouse each sleepy head,
Who stand upon the brink,
Where yawning gulfs disclose the dead,
Who might, but did not think.

I want to warn the living ones
Who blindly grope along,
Ye fathers, daughters, mothers, sons,
What perils round you throng!

Look out, my dear, are you free,
Or do you wear the mark?
Most all are blind and cannot see,
Yes, groping in the dark.

Catarrh, a demon in the head,
Consumption is its son;
Kills hosts, yes, countless millions, dead,
Perhaps you may be one.

That hacking, hawking, spitting, shows
Catarrh affects your head,
Matter and slime in throat or nose,
Runs down your throat instead.

Your lungs and liver soon will show,
Consumption has its birth;
Catarrh, its sire, will feed it too,
Till you return to earth.

If colds affect your head and throat,
ANNIHILATOR buy;
Now don't forget what I have wrote,
Or think this subject dry.

Wolcott's Annihilator cures
Ca'arrh—the demon flies;
It saves the lungs, good health insures,
And Catarrh quickly dies.

I want to gratify my friends,
Who wish to understand
About PAIN PAINT, its use, its ends,
And why its great demand.

I want to show you, plain as day,
Why Pain Paint stops all pain,
That you may never have to say
"I'll not try paint again."

Pain Paint will cool but never stain;
Pumps inflamation out;
'Tis harmless on the breast or brain,
A trial stops all doubt.

When inflamation leaves the frame,
All pain will cease at once;
Remove the cause, 'tis all the same;
None doubts unless a dunce.

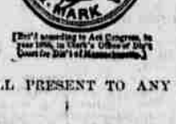
The pores will ope and drink Pain Paint;
Absorbents fill with ease;
Restores the weak, the sick, the faint,
The greatest skeptic please.

Evaporation cools the place
As inflamation flies;
Hot blood at the absorbent's base
Makes paint in vapor rise.

'Tis thus Pain Paint removes all doubt,
Removes the very cause
By pumping inflamation out;
On this we rest our cause.

Wolcott's Pain Paint is sold at all Drug Stores; also, Wolcott's Annihilator, for the cure of Catarrh and Colds in the head. Sent by express on recept of the money, at 181 Chatham square, N. Y. R. L. Wolcott, Proprietor. 4w

WE ARE COMING.



AND WILL PRESENT TO ANY PERSON

Sending us a Club in our Great One Dollar Sale of

DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

A WATCH, piece of SHEETING, SILK DRESS PATTERN, &c.,

FREE OF COST.

Our inducements during the past few years have been large.

We now DOUBLE our rates of premiums.

We have made many important additions to our winter Stocks, and have largely extended our Exchange List, and we now feel confident to meet the demands of our extensive patronage.

SEND FOR NEW CIRCULAR.

Catalogue of Goods and Samples sent to any address free. Send money by registered letter. Address all orders to

J. S. HAWES & CO.,
19, Federal St., Boston, Mass.
P. O. BOX C.

Wholesale Dealers in Dry and Fancy Goods, Cuttlery, Plated Ware, Albums, and Leather Goods. 12w.

Dr. JNO. V. BUKTON'S
TOBACCO ANTIDOTE.
WARRANTED TO REMOVE ALL DESIRE FOR TOBACCO.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Dr. T. P. ASHLEY, Jersey City, N. J.
[Trademark & Copyrighted.]

WANTED! WANTED!

Agents of either sex, in every town and village, for the largest ONE DOLLAR SALE in the country. The smallest articles sold can be exchanged for a Silver Plated five-bottle Revolving Castor, or your choice of 200 articles upon exchange list. Commissions to agents larger than ever. Send for Circular.
R. G. THOMPSON & CO.,
126 Federal Street, Boston, Mass.
6w

$5000 a year can be made by live agents, selling my new and valuable invention. Address J. AHEARN, 61 Second St., Baltimore, Md. 6w.

The Waynesburg Republican.

LOOK HERE!

Every description and style of PLAIN & FANCY

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness and dispatch at the

REPUBLICAN OFFICE!

JAS. N. MILLER, PROPRIETOR.

Sheet, Half Sheet, Quarter Sheet, Eighth Sheet, Sixteenth Sheet and Thirty-second Sheet Bills printed in the most approved style and on the shortest possible notice.

CARDS!

We pay particular attention to the printing of cards, with or without borders, cuts &c. This is a style of Advertising that is coming into repute. We feel confident of pleasing all who wish work done.

We ask the attention of merchants to our

BILL HEADS!

Samples of which can be had at this office.

—J. N. M.—

PROGRAMMES

AND

CIRCULARS!

Of these we put up a great variety.

PAPER BOOKS

Printed on the shortest possible notice. Charges reasonable.

BILLS IN EQUITY,

BLANK FORMS,

&c., &c., &c., &c.

BILLS OF LADING,

CHECKS,

BLANK RECEIPTS,

NOTES, &c.

PRINTING DONE IN COLORS.

RED, BLUE, VIOLET, CARMINE &c.

We have made especial arrangements for this department of printing, and

GUARANTEE SATISFACTION!

We have the

BEST JOB PRINTER IN THE COUNTY.

As at any office in

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA!

Remember that our office is just East of the Court House, in

SAYERS' BUILDING, UP STAIRS.

Business Cards.

JOHN HUGHES.....THOMAS LUCAS.

T. LUCAS & CO.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

And dealers in Groceries, Hardware, Leather, Shoe Findings, Iron, Nails, Salt, Fish, &c. Also, agents for Aubrey, Chessbro & Coon's Window Sash. A supply kept constantly on hands. Rice's Landing, Pa., above the mouth. 6:5-tf.

DENTISTRY.

I have located in Waynesburg, and am occupying the late residence of Dr. S. S. Patton. Having taken great pains to become thoroughly acquainted with both the theory and practice of Dentistry, and having had an experience of seven years in the profession, I feel warranted in saying that my patients shall have no cause to complain of inferior operations. Extraction will be rendered painless, when desired, by the administration of "Laughing gas" or other anesthetics. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted as represented. I will be at home WITHOUT PER ADVENTURE from the fifteenth to the thirtieth of every month. JOS. S. HERTIG.
6:12-tf

ROBERT DOUGHERTY,
CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER, WAYNESBURG, PA.

Respectfully gives notice that he has located in Waynesburg, Pa., where he intends to manufacture

CARRIAGES

Of every description. From his experience in the business he feels confident that his work, in style, finish and durability, will give entire satisfaction. It is his determination to purchase the best material in market, and employ none but competent workmen.
☞All work warranted for one year.☜
2:23:69-tf.

MARBLE WORKS,
SUMMERSGILL & BRO.
(Shop in rear of the Hamilton House near the Steam Mill.)

The public are respectfully informed that Summersgill & Bro. have just received a large stock of all Kinds of

MARBLE WORK!

Such as Grave Stones, Monuments, Mantle Work, &c. We are prepared to furnish work at reasonable terms on short notice. Call and examine our stock, styles, and prices, before purchasing elsewhere. 5:8-tf.

WAYNESBURG MARBLE AND STONE WORKS.
SAYERS & RINEHRAT.

Still continue to carry on the Marble and Stone cutting business at their long established stand immediate east of the Public Square, between High and Greene streets, Waynesburg, Pa.

This establishment has been in constant operation since 1859, and the long experience and energy of the proprietors, linked with the exercise of sound judgment and good taste, have won for them a wide spread and enviable reputation. An extensive stock of the various varieties of the best marble kept constantly on hand. Special attention paid to polishing, pressing, carving and lettering.
All orders promptly filled. 4:23:69-tf.

Miscellaneous.

E. W. CLARK & CO.
BANKERS,
No. 35 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
GENERAL AGENTS,
FOR
PENNSYLVANIA
AND
SOUTHERN NEW JERSEY,
OF THE
NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE CO
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

The NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY is a corporation chartered by special Act of Congress, approved July 25, 1868, with a

CASH CAPITAL, $1,000,000, FULL PAID.

Liberal terms offered to Agents and Solicitors, who are invited to apply at our office.

Full particulars to be had on application at our office, located in the second story of our Banking House, where Circulars and Pamphlets, fully describing the advantages offered by the Company, may be had.

E. W. CLARK & CO.,
No. 35 South Third St.

B. S. RUSSELL, MANAGER.

B. F. FLENNIKEN Agent, Waynesburg, Pa.

NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Chartered By Special Act of Congress.
Approved July 25, 1868.

CASH CAPITAL, $1.000.000.

PAID IN FULL.

BRANCH OFFICE:
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
PHILADELPHIA,

Where the General business of the Company is transacted, and to which all general correspondence should be addressed.

OFFICERS:

CLARANCE H. CLARK, President.
JAY COOKE, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.
HENRY D. COOKE, Vice President.
EMERSON W. PEET, Secretary and Actuary.

This Company, National in its character, offers, by reason of its Large Capital, Low Rates of Premium and New Tables, the most desirable means of insuring life yet presented to the public.

The rates of premium, being largely reduced, are made as favorable to the insurers as those of the best Mutual Companies, and avoid all the complications and uncertainties of Notes, Dividends and the mistimes-tandings which the latter are so apt to cause the policy-Holder.

Several new and attractive tables are now presented which need only to be understood to prove acceptable to the public, such as the INCOME-PRODUCING POLICY, and RETURN PREMIUM POLICY. In the former, the policy holder not only secures a life insurance, payable at death, but will receive, if living, after a period of a few years, an annual income equal to ten per cent. (10 per cent.) of the par of his policy. In the latter, the Company agrees to return to the assured the total amount of money he has paid in, in addition to the amount of his policy.

The attention of persons contemplating insuring their lives or increasing the amount of insurance they already have, is called to the special advantages offered by the National Life Insurance Company.

Circulars, Pamphlets and full particulars given on application to the Branch Office of the Company or to E. W. CLARK & CO., Phila. General Agents for Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey.

IRA B. MCVAY & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., special agents for Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Greene, Mercer and Washington counties. Nov. 11-tf.
B. F. FLENNIKEN, Agent, Waynesburg, Pa.

Pittsburgh Cards.

Iron City College.

COR. PENN AND ST. CLAIR STREETS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

The Largest, Cheapest and most Successful

PRACTICAL BUSINESS COLLEGE

IN THE UNITED STATES.

OVER FIFTEEN THOUSAND STUDENTS

FROM THIRTY-THREE STATES IN TEN YEARS.

FOR LARGE QUARTO CIRCULAR,

Containing full information, Outline of Course of Study, samples of COWLEY'S

PREMIUM PENMANSHIP,

view of the College Building, different departments, City of Pittsburgh, &c., &c., address the Principals, SMITH & COWLEY,
ap 1, 68-1y Pittsburgh, Pa.

NEW SPRING DRY GOODS.

J. W. BARKER & CO.,

59, Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,

Are now opening a large stock of

New Spring Dry Goods,

They wish particularly to call attention to their large and complete stock of Silks and Dress Goods, in which will be found all the latest styles adapted to the season.
CLOAKS—Eastern and of their own Manufacture.
Ladies' Suits Made to order.

Shawls in endless variety.

Housekeeping Goods of every description.

Purchasers can rely on finding every article in this establishment

AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

Ministers and their families allowed a liberal discount.

J. W. BARKER & CO.,
59 Market Street,
Between 3rd and 4th Avenues.
3-10-tf

KNOX'S SEED AND IMPLEMENT HOUSE.

All articles required in the

FARM, GARDEN OR GREEN HOUSE.

We offer our new crop of

GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS,

for the season of 1869. Our seeds, so long and favorably known throughout the United States, are justly esteemed wherever tried. The following catalogues will be sent free to applicants: Descriptive Catalogue or Hand Book of Seeds, Seed Novelties and Seed Potatoes, containing

DIRECTIONS FOR PLANTING, PREPARATION OF THE SOIL, ETC.,

Marked Gardner's List for Gardners only.

Wholesale Price List, positively for the trade only.

Agricultural Implements and Farm Machinery,

at manufacture's prices. One of the most complete assortments to be found in any one establishment in the United States.

Hay, Straw and Fodder Cutters, Farm Mills, Farm Boilers, Churns, etc., etc. Prices sent by mail on application.

CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEED,

The largest stock of Prime New Seed in Pennsylvania, at market prices.

W. W. KNOX, Successor to J. KNOX.
3-3-6t No 137, Liberty Street, Pitts, Pa.

REMOVAL
AND
CLEARANCE SALE.

Having found our present store too small for our business, we will remove to

311, LIBERTY STREET,

about April 1st. To save trouble and expense of moving, we are now closing out our stock of

HARDWARE & CUTLERY,

AT

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

LINDSAY, STERRIT & EUWER,
337 Liberty Street,
3-10- Pittsburg, Pa.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

LEAD AND BLOCK TIN PIPE,

SHEET AND BAR LEAD

AND ALL KINDS OF

Plumbers', Gas and Steam Fitters Materials.

No. 167 Smithfield St.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Send for Price List.
Nov. 18 1-f

TO FARMERS, PLANTERS, SHIPPERS,

COUNTRY MERCHANTS & OTHERS.

WOODWARD & SHEPARD,

GENERAL PRODUCE

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

123 WARREN STREET, NEW YORK CITY,

Invite you to consign to them your

Ashes, Beeswax,
Beans, Peas,
Berries, Butter,
Cheese, Cotton,
Eggs, Flax,
Wool, Fruits,
Furs & Skins,
Flour, Grain,
Meal, Game,
Poultry, Feathers,
Gensing, Seeds,
Naval Stores,
Provisions,
Oils, Tallow, Honey, Sorghum, Molasses, Whiskey, Tobacco, &c.,

PRICE CURRENT issued weekly. Marking Plates and Cards furnished. Advances made on consignments. References given when desired.
Jan 26,'69-1y

Dry Goods.

SOMETHING SPLENDID! NEW ARRIVAL!

P. AXTELL & CO.,

Have just opened a splendid stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

Of choice variety and latest style. This stock embraces all kinds of

DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, TRIMMING NOTIONS, FANCY DRESS GOODS, EMBROIDERIES, FRENCH MERINOS, ALPACCAS, PLAINS, SHAWLS, BALMORALS, HOOP SKIRTS, GLOVES AND HOSIERY, HATS AND CAPS, OF THESE WE HAVE A FINE SUPPLY. GENT'S UNDERWARE, SUSPENDERS, COLLARS,

HANDKERCHIEFS, &C.

It is our aim to keep constantly on hand every thing in our line.

☞OUR PRICES ARE REASONABLE.

P. AXTELL & CO.
Oct. 14,-tf

LATEST BEST AND CHEAPEST!

MRS. E. S. SAYERS & HOSKINSON

Have just arrived from the East with a large assortment of foreign and domestic

DRY GOODS,

FALL AND WINTER STYLES,

which they propose to sell at the lowest CASH prices! such as Dress Goods, Dress Trimming, Dress Buttons, Ladies Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hats for men & boys, also, a great variety nice articles, at very low prices for

GENTLEMEN AND LADIES' WEAR,

Wares of all kinds, and a complete variety of the best GROCERIES. All of which they propose to sell at the very lowest figures, depending on the quality and cheapness of their goods to gain them custom.

Give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, and they will prove that the above is correct. Room in Allison's building, nearly opposite the Court House, Waynesburg. 4:1,'67-tf

THE GREATEST EXCITEMENT OF THE CAMPAIGN!

IS AT

D. SHIRK'S,

On account of the great

Decline in prices in his new

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Of FALL & WINTER GOODS.

He now offers to the public

The most complete assortment of

Every thing in the Dry

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And of every variety.

Hats for Men and Boys,

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Durability & Cheapness.

Muslins, Delaines, Cloths,

Bonnets & Bonnet frames

Cassimeres, and in fact

Everything that can be

Desired, you can buy of him.

☞Room formerly occupied by A. Wilson, Jr. in Wilson's building, Waynesburg, Pa.
Oct. 7, '68-6 m. D. SHIRK.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SEIDLE,

No 42 Fifth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

This firm beg leave to inform their patrons and the public generally, that they have just opened an immense stock of Goods,

Especially Imported for the Coming Holidays,

Comprising all the richest and rarest designs, in Jewelry, Pure Solid Silverware, Bronze in Groups and Statuettes, Diamonds, Pearls Watches, Tea and Dinner Sets, Musical Boxes, French Clocks in Marble Bronze and Alabaster Cases, Parian Ware in Groups & Statuette, Silver plated Ware in great variety, Paris Fancy Goods, Jewel Boxes, Gold & Silver Headed Canes, &c., &c.

NOTE—Our extensive connection with Eastern and European Manufacturers, and our frequent visits to their markets enable us to sell either wholesale or retail at LOWER PRICES Than any other house west of New York.
Dec. 16-1m

Medical.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,
For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.
G. W. ROBERTS, Agent, Waynesburg, Pa.
D. W. BRADEN, Agent, Waynesburg, Pa.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its wonderful character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,
For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the sick districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

G. W. ROBERTS, Agent, Waynesburg, Pa.
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Just published, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the Radical Cure (without Medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Emissions, Impediments to Marriage etc.; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage etc.; CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

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The celebrated author, in this admirable essay clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

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The Great External Remedy,
For Man and Beast.
IT WILL CURE RHEUMATISM

The reputation of this preparation is so well established, that little need be said in this connection.

On MAN it has never failed to cure PAINFUL NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, CONTRACTED MUSCLES, STIFFNESS AND PAINS IN THE JOINTS, STITCHES in the SIDE or Back, SPRAINS, BRUISES, BURNS, SWELLINGS, CORNS and FROSTED FEET. Persons afflicted with Rheumatism can be effectually and permanently cured by using this wonderful preparation; it penetrates to the nerve and bone immediately on being applied.

On HORSES it will cure SCRATCHES, SWEENEY, POLL-EVIL, FISTULA, OLD RUNNING SORES, SADDLE or COLLAR GALLS, SPRAINED JOINTS, STIFFNESS OF THE STIFLES, &c. It will cure the HOLLOW HORN and WEAK BACK IN MILCH COWS.

I have met with great success in bringing my Mixture within the reach of the Public. I am daily in receipt of letters from Physicians, Druggists, Merchants and Farmers, testifying to its curative powers.

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